## UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q
[x] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 1998
or
[ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number 1-9861

## M\&T BANK CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

New York
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization) incorporation or organization)

One M \& T Plaza
Buffalo, New York 14240 (Address of principal (Zip Code)

16-0968385
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
executive offices)
(716) 842-5445
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes $x$ No

Number of shares of the registrant's Common Stock, $\$ 5$ par value, outstanding as of the close of business on November 6, 1998: 7,775,123 shares.
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M\&T BANK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Unaudited)

Dollars in thousands, except per share

Assets

Liabilities
Cash and due from banks
Money-market assets

Trading account

Investment securities

Loans and leases
Unearned discount

Premises and equipment

Total assets

Interest-bearing deposits at banks
Federal funds sold and agreements to resell securities

Total money-market assets

Available for sale (cost: \$2,225,148 at September 30, 1998; $\$ 1,563,055$ at December 31, 1997)
Held to maturity (market value: \$95,602 at September 30, 1998; \$84,176 at December 31, 1997)
Other (market value: \$114,542 at September 30, 1998; $\$ 58,280$ at December 31, 1997)

Total investment securities

Allowance for possible credit losses
Loans and leases, net

Goodwill and core deposit intangible
Accrued interest and other assets

Noninterest-bearing deposits
NOW accounts
Savings deposits
Time deposits
Deposits at foreign office
Total deposits
Federal funds purchased and agreements
to repurchase securities
Other short-term borrowings
Accrued interest and other liabilities
Long-term borrowings
Total liabilities

Preferred stock, \$1 par, 1,000,000 shares authorized, none outstanding
Common stock, $\$ 5$ par, $15,000,000$ shares authorized, $8,101,539$ shares
issued at September 30, 1998
8,097,472 shares issued at December 31, 1997
Common stock issuable, 8,223 shares at September 30, 1998
Additional paid-in capital
Retained earnings
Accumulated other comprehensive income
Treasury stock - common, at cost -
220, 226 shares at September 30, 1998;
$1,487,123$ shares at December 31, 1997
Total stockholders' equity
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ember 30, } \\ & 1998 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December } 31 \\ 1997 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 398,542 | 333,805 |
|  | 909 | 668 |
|  | 144, 075 | 53, 087 |
|  | 196,276 | 57,291 |
|  | 341,260 | 111,046 |



40,508
3, 834
40, 487
484,829
1,220,942
6,782
$(107,718)$
1,649,177
\$---------
\$ $19,478,400$

103,233
1,092,106
12, 016
$(217,576)$
1,030,266
14,-002,-935
14,002,935

Interest income
Interest expe
Other income

Other expense
ther income

Loans and leases, including fees
Money-market assets
Deposits at banks
Federal funds sold and agreements to resell securities
Trading account
Investment securities
Fully taxable Exempt from federal taxes

Total interest income
NOW accounts
Savings deposits
Time deposits
Deposits at foreign office
Short-term borrowings
Long-term borrowings
Total interest expense
Net interest income
Provision for possible credit losses
Net interest income after provision
for possible credit losses
Mortgage banking revenues

Service charges on deposit accounts
Trust income
Merchant discount and other credit card fees
Trading account and foreign exchange gains (losses)
Gain (loss) on sales of bank investment securities
Other revenues from operations
Total other income
Salaries and employee benefits
Equipment and net occupancy
Printing, postage and supplies
Amortization of goodwill and core deposit intangible
Other costs of operations
Total other expense
Income before income taxes
Income taxes

Net income
Net income per common share
Basic
Diluted
Cash dividends per common share
Average common shares outstanding Basic
Diluted

| Three months ended September 30 |  | Nine months ended September 30 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1998 | 1997 | 1998 | 1997 |
| \$314, 986 | 240, 254 | \$879,487 | 705, 055 |
| 16 | 944 | 386 | 2,469 |
| 1,634 | 952 | 4,603 | 2,217 |
| 1,763 | 382 | 2,368 | 1,013 |
| 36,959 | 25,490 | 102,827 | 74,697 |
| 2, 084 | 1,679 | 5,757 | 3,957 |
| 357,442 | 269,701 | 995,428 | 789,408 |
| 1,328 | 803 | 3,472 | 2,558 |
| 31,395 | 22,746 | 84,638 | 67,489 |
| 103,525 | 85,889 | 289,659 | 241,900 |
| 3,964 | 2,969 | 10,765 | 9, 081 |
| 29,376 | 8,801 | 78,942 | 32,731 |
| 15,262 | 8,560 | 36,603 | 21,064 |
| 184,850 | 129, 768 | 504, 079 | 374,823 |
| 172,592 | 139,933 | 491, 349 | 414, 585 |
| 10,500 | 12,000 | 35,700 | 34, 000 |
| 162,092 | 127,933 | 455,649 | 380,585 |
| 16,405 | 12,748 | 48,741 | 36,995 |
| 15,940 | 10,865 | 41,354 | 31,976 |
| 9,355 | 7,643 | 28,778 | 21,779 |
| 2,321 | 4,514 | 10,889 | 13,979 |
| (148) | 1,427 | 2,137 | 3,372 |
| 376 | (47) | 698 | (280) |
| 22,319 | 13,032 | 70,777 | 32, 267 |
| 66,568 | 50,182 | 203, 374 | 140, 088 |
| 63,520 | 56,270 | 191,783 | 165,390 |
| 18,876 | 13,302 | 50, 233 | 39,690 |
| 4,743 | 3,334 | 13,342 | 10,157 |
| 10,879 | 1,825 | 23,579 | 5,467 |
| 40,472 | 29,975 | 148,430 | 90,356 |
| 138,490 | 104,706 | 427,367 | 311, 060 |
| 90,170 | 73,409 | 231, 656 | 209, 613 |
| 33,693 | 27,518 | 81,525 | 79,672 |
| \$ 56,477 | 45,891 | \$150, 131 | 129, 941 |
| \$ 7.09 | 6.96 | \$ 19.84 | 19.59 |
| 6.81 | 6.62 | 19.01 | 18.60 |
| 1.00 | . 80 | 2.80 | 2.40 |
| 7,966 | 6,592 | 7,566 | 6,634 |
| 8,288 | 6,927 | 7,897 | 6,985 |

Dollars In thousands

Cash flows from operating activities

Cash flows from investing activities

Cash flows from financing activities

Supplemental
disclosure of cash flow information

Supplemental schedule of noncash investing and financing activities

|  |  | Nine months ended September 30 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1998 | 1997 |
| Net income | \$ | 150,131 | 129,941 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities |  |  |  |
| Provision for possible credit losses |  | 35,700 | 34,000 |
| Depreciation and amortization of premises and equipment |  | 18,936 | 15,679 |
| Amortization of capitalized servicing rights |  | 14,733 | 10,147 |
| Amortization of goodwill and core deposit intangible |  | 23,579 | 5,467 |
| Provision for deferred income taxes |  | $(2,225)$ | $(11,389)$ |
| Asset write-downs |  | 3,304 | 905 |
| Net gain on sales of assets |  | $(4,257)$ | $(1,232)$ |
| Net change in accrued interest receivable, payable |  | 12,451 | 17,869 |
| Net change in other accrued income and expense |  | 32,927 | 50,569 |
| Net change in loans held for sale |  | $(141,177)$ | 23, 077 |
| Net change in trading account assets and liabilities |  | $(141,036)$ | 30,974 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities |  | 3,066 | 306,007 |
| Proceeds from sales of investment securities |  |  |  |
| Available for sale |  | 124,553 | 217,221 |
| Other |  | 3,976 |  |
| Proceeds from maturities of investment securities |  |  |  |
| Available for sale |  | 821,178 | 176,680 |
| Held to maturity |  | 74,536 | 67,561 |
| Other |  | 7,930 | -- |
| Purchases of investment securities |  |  |  |
| Available for sale |  | $(141,230)$ | $(576,468)$ |
| Held to maturity |  | $(34,405)$ | $(39,201)$ |
| Other |  | $(21,873)$ | $(3,936)$ |
| Net (increase) decrease in interest-bearing deposits at banks |  | (241) | 46,529 |
| Additions to capitalized servicing rights |  | $(9,516)$ | $(16,000)$ |
| Net increase in loans and leases |  | $(771,606)$ | $(604,303)$ |
| Proceeds from sale of retail credit card business |  | 189,818 | -- |
| Capital expenditures, net |  | $(17,207)$ | $(7,517)$ |
| Acquisitions, net of cash acquired: |  |  |  |
| ONBANCorp, Inc. |  | 20,790 | -- |
| Deposits and banking offices |  | -- | 123,043 |
| Purchases of bank owned life insurance |  | $(150,000)$ | $(100,000)$ |
| Other, net |  | $(13,204)$ | $(3,460)$ |
| Net cash provided (used) by investing activities |  | 83,499 | $(719,851)$ |
| Net increase (decrease) in deposits |  | $(533,682)$ | 557,360 |
| Net increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings |  | 250,960 | $(379,204)$ |
| Proceeds from long-term borrowings |  | 500,000 | 250,000 |
| Payments on long-term borrowings |  | $(2,479)$ | (120) |
| Purchases of treasury stock |  | $(135,528)$ | $(67,771)$ |
| Dividends paid - common |  | $(21,279)$ | $(15,920)$ |
| Other, net |  | 11,168 | 850 |
| Net cash provided by financing activities |  | 69,160 | 345,195 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents \$ |  | 155,725 | $(68,649)$ |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period |  | 386,892 | 449,985 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period \$ | \$ | 542,617 | 381,336 |
| Interest received during the period \$ |  | 999,174 | 784,005 |
|  |  | 500,793 | 354,753 |
|  |  | 48,162 | 40,915 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Acquisition of ONBANCorp, Inc: |  |  |  |
| Common stock issued | \$ | 587,819 | -- |
| Fair value of: |  |  |  |
| Assets acquired (noncash) |  | 5,205,420 | -- |
| Liabilities assumed |  | 4,618,967 | -- |
| Stock options |  | 19,424 | -- |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)


CONSOLIDATED SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN ALLOWANCE FOR POSSIBLE CREDIT LOSSES (Unaudited)
Dollars in thousands

| Beginning balance | \$ 274,656 | 270,466 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provision for possible credit losses | 35,700 | 34,000 |
| Allowance obtained through acquisition | 27,905 | -- |
| Net charge-offs |  |  |
| Charge-offs | (41, 088 ) | $(44,332)$ |
| Recoveries | 12,362 | 12,174 |
| Total net charge-offs | $(28,726)$ | $(32,158)$ |
| Ending balance | \$ 309, 535 | 272,308 |
|  |  |  |

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. Significant accounting policies

In May 1998, First Empire State Corporation changed its name to M\&T Bank Corporation ("M\&T"). The consolidated financial statements of M\&T and subsidiaries ("the Company") were compiled in accordance with the accounting policies set forth in Note 1 of Notes to Financial Statements on pages 39 through 41 of the Company's 1997 Annual Report to stockholders, except as described below. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made and were all of a normal recurring nature. Certain reclassifications have been made to the 1997 financial statements to conform with the current year presentation.
2. Earnings per share

The computations of basic earnings per share follow:


Income available to common stockholders:
Net income $\quad \$ 56,477 \quad 45,891 \quad 150,131 \quad 129,941$

Weighted-average shares

| outstanding (including common <br> stock issuable) | 7,966 | 6,592 | 7,566 | 6,634 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

The computations of diluted earnings per share follow:


## 3. Comprehensive income

The Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income," in the first quarter of 1998. SFAS No 130 establishes standards for reporting and displaying comprehensive income and its components. Financial statements presented for periods prior to 1998 are required to be reclassified to reflect application of the provisions of SFAS No. 130.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

3. Comprehensive income, continued

The following table displays the components of other comprehensive income:

|  | months end | Septem | 30, 1998 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Before-tax amount | Income taxes | Net |
| Unrealized losses on investment securities: |  |  |  |
| Unrealized holding |  |  |  |
| losses during period(a) | \$(8, 112) | 3,291 | $(4,821)$ |
| Less: reclassification adjustment for gains |  |  |  |
| realized in net income | 698 | (285) | 413 |
| Net unrealized losses | \$(8, 810) | 3,576 | $(5,234)$ |
|  | ------ | ----- | ------ |
|  | ------ | --- | -- |

(a) Including the effect of the contribution of appreciated investment securities described in note 4.

4. Contribution of appreciated investment securities

In January 1998, M\&T contributed appreciated investment securities with a fair value of $\$ 24.6$ million to an affiliated, tax-exempt private charitable foundation. As a result of this transfer, the Company recognized tax-exempt other income of $\$ 15.3$ million and incurred charitable contributions expense of $\$ 24.6$ million. These amounts are included in the Consolidated Statement of Income in "Other revenues from operations" and "Other costs of operations," respectively. The transfer provided an income tax benefit of approximately $\$ 10.0$ million and, accordingly, resulted in an after-tax increase in net income of $\$ 0.7$ million.
5. Acquisition of ONBANCorp, Inc.

On April 1, 1998, M\&T consummated the merger ("Merger") of ONBANCorp, Inc ("ONBANCorp") with and into Olympia Financial Corp. ("Olympia"), a wholly owned subsidiary of M\&T. Following the Merger, OnBank \& Trust Co., Syracuse, New York, and Franklin First Savings Bank, Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania, both wholly owned subsidiaries of ONBANCorp, were merged with and into Manufacturers and Traders Trust Company ("M\&T Bank"), M\&T's principal banking subsidiary.

After application of the election, allocation and proration procedures contained in the merger agreement with ONBANCorp, M\&T paid $\$ 266.3$ million in cash and issued 1,429,998 shares of common stock in exchange for the ONBANCorp common shares outstanding at the time of acquisition. In addition, based on the merger agreement and the exchange ratio provided for therein, M\&T converted outstanding and unexercised stock options granted by ONBANCorp into options to purchase 61,772 shares of M\&T common stock. The purchase price of the transaction was approximately $\$ 873.6$ million based on the cash paid to ONBANCorp stockholders, the market price of M\&T common shares on October 28, 1997 before the terms of the Merger were agreed to and announced by M\&T and ONBANCorp, and the estimated fair
5. Acquisition of ONBANCorp, Inc., continued
value of ONBANCorp stock options converted into M\&T stock options.
Acquired assets, loans and deposits of ONBANCorp on April 1, 1998 totaled approximately $\$ 5.5$ billion, $\$ 3.0$ billion and $\$ 3.8$ billion, respectively. The transaction has been accounted for as a purchase and, accordingly, operations acquired from ONBANCorp have been included in the Company's financial results since the acquisition date. In connection with the acquisition, the Company recorded approximately $\$ 501$ million of goodwill and $\$ 61$ million of core deposit intangible. The goodwill is being amortized on a straight-line basis over twenty years and the core deposit intangible is being amortized on an accelerated basis over ten years. The Company incurred expenses related to systems conversions and other costs of integrating and conforming the acquired operations with and into the Company of approximately $\$ 3.0 \mathrm{million}$ and $\$ 21.3 \mathrm{million}$ during the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 1998, respectively. Since the systems conversions and integration of operations is largely complete, the Company does not expect to incur a material amount of additional integration costs.

Presented below is certain pro forma information as if ONBANCorp had been acquired on January 1, 1997. These results combine the historical results of ONBANCorp into the Company's Consolidated Statement of Income and, while certain adjustments were made for the estimated impact of purchase accounting adjustments and other acquisition-related activity, they are not necessarily indicative of what would have occurred had the acquisition taken place at that time. In particular, expenses related to systems conversions and other costs of integration are included in the 1998 periods in which such costs were incurred and, additionally, the Company expects to achieve further operating cost savings as a result of the Merger which are not reflected in the pro forma amounts presented below.

Pro forma
Nine months ended September 30
19981997
----------------
(in thousands, except per share)

Interest income
other income
Net income
Diluted earnings per common share
\$1, 078, 640
210, 442
143,620
\$ 17.12

1,050,162
170, 371
132,203
15.60

## 6. Borrowings

In January 1997, First Empire Capital Trust I ("Trust I"), a Delaware business trust organized by the Company on January 17,1997 , issued $\$ 150$ million of 8.234\% preferred capital securities. In June 1997, First Empire Capital Trust II ("Trust II"), a Delaware business trust organized by the Company on May 30, 1997, issued $\$ 100$ million of $8.277 \%$ preferred capital securities. As a result of the ONBANCorp acquisition, the Company assumed responsibility for similar preferred capital securities previously issued by a special-purpose entity formed by ONBANCorp. In February 1997, OnBank Capital Trust I ("OnBank Trust I" and, together with Trust I and Trust II, the "Trusts"), a Delaware business trust organized by ONBANCorp on January 24, 1997, issued \$60 million of 9.25\% preferred capital securities.

Other than the following payment terms (and the redemption terms described below), the preferred capital securities issued by the Trusts ("Capital Securities") are similar in all material respects:

Trust

Distribution
Rate
Rate
8.234\% February 1 and August 1
8.277\% June 1 and December 1
9.25\% February 1 and August 1

## 6. Borrowings, continued

The common securities of Trust I and Trust II are wholly owned by M\&T and the common securities of OnBank Trust $I$ are wholly owned by Olympia. The common securities of each trust ("Common Securities") are the only class of each Trust's securities possessing general voting powers. The Capital Securities represent preferred undivided interests in the assets of the corresponding Trust and are classified in the Company's consolidated balance sheet as long-term borrowings, with accumulated distributions on such securities included in interest expense. Under the Federal Reserve Board's current risk-based capital guidelines, the Capital Securities are includable in the Company's Tier 1 capital.

The proceeds from the issuances of the Capital Securities and Common Securities were used by the Trusts to purchase the following amounts of junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures ("Junior Subordinated Debentures") issued by M\&T in the case of Trust I and Trust II and Olympia in the case of OnBank Trust I:


The Junior Subordinated Debentures represent the sole assets of each Trust and payments under the Junior Subordinated Debentures are the sole source of cash flow for each Trust.

Holders of the Capital Securities receive preferential cumulative cash distributions semi-annually on each distribution date at the stated distribution rate unless M\&T, in the case of Trust I and Trust II, or Olympia, in the case of OnBank Trust I, exercise the right to extend the payment of interest on the Junior Subordinated Debentures for up to ten semi-annual periods, in which case payment of distributions on the respective Capital Securities will be deferred for a comparable period. During an extended interest period, M\&T and/or Olympia may not pay dividends or distributions on, or repurchase, redeem or acquire any shares of the respective company's capital stock. The agreements governing the Capital Securities, in the aggregate, provide a full, irrevocable and unconditional guarantee by M\&T in the case of Trust I and Trust II and Olympia in the case of OnBank Trust $I$ of the payment of distributions on, the redemption of, and any liquidation distribution with respect to the Capital Securities. The obligations under such guarantee and the Capital Securities are subordinate and junior in right of payment to all senior indebtedness of M\&T and Olympia.

The Capital Securities are mandatorily redeemable in whole, but not in part, upon repayment at the stated maturity dates of the Junior Subordinated Debentures or the earlier redemption of the Junior Subordinated Debentures in whole upon the occurrence of one or more events ("Events") set forth in the indentures relating to the Capital Securities, and in whole or in part at any time after the stated optional redemption dates (February 1, 2007 in the case of Trust I and OnBank Trust I, and June 1, 2007 in the case of Trust II) contemporaneously with the Company's optional redemption of the related Junior Subordinated Debentures in whole or in part. The Junior Subordinated Debentures are redeemable prior to their stated maturity dates at M\&T's option in the case of Trust $I$ and Trust II

## 6. Borrowings, continued

and Olympia's option in the case of OnBank Trust I (i) on or after the stated
optional redemption dates, in whole at any time or in part from time to time, or (ii) in whole, but not in part, at any time within 90 days following the occurrence and during the continuation of one or more of the Events, in each case subject to possible regulatory approval. The redemption price of the Capital Securities upon their early redemption will be expressed as a percentage of the liquidation amount plus accumulated but unpaid distributions. In the case of Trust I, such percentage adjusts annually and ranges from 104.117\% at February 1, 2007 to $100.412 \%$ for the annual period ending January 31, 2017, after which the percentage is $100 \%$, subject to a make-whole amount if the early redemption occurs prior to February 1, 2007. In the case of Trust II, such percentage adjusts annually and ranges from 104.139\% at June 1, 2007 to 100.414\% for the annual period ending May 31, 2017, after which the percentage is $100 \%$, subject to a make-whole amount if the early redemption occurs prior to June 1, 2007. In the case of OnBank Trust I, such percentage adjusts annually and ranges from $104.625 \%$ at February 1, 2007 to $100.463 \%$ for the annual period ending January 31, 2017, after which the percentage is $100 \%$, subject to a make-whole amount if the early redemption occurs prior to February 1, 2007.

## Overview

M\&T Bank Corporation ("M\&T") completed the acquisition of ONBANCorp, Inc. ("ONBANCorp"), a bank holding company headquartered in Syracuse, New York, on April 1, 1998. Immediately after the acquisition, ONBANCorp's two banking subsidiaries, OnBank \& Trust Co. in Syracuse, which operated 59 offices in upstate New York, and Franklin First Savings Bank in Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania, which operated 19 offices in northeastern Pennsylvania, were merged with and into Manufacturers and Traders Trust Company ("M\&T Bank"), M\&T's principal banking subsidiary. The acquisition was accounted for using the purchase method of accounting and, accordingly, the operations acquired from ONBANCorp have been included in the financial results of M\&T and its consolidated subsidiaries ("the Company") since the acquisition date. ONBANCorp's stockholders received \$266.3 million in cash and 1,429,998 shares of M\&T common stock in exchange for ONBANCorp shares outstanding at the time of acquisition. A summary of assets acquired and liabilities assumed on April 1, 1998 in connection with the ONBANCorp transaction follows (in thousands):

Assets

Investment securities
Loans and leases, net of unearned discount Allowance for possible credit losses

Loans and leases, net
Goodwill and core deposit intangible
Other assets

Total assets

Liabilities
Deposits
Short-term borrowings
Long-term borrowings
other liabilities

Total liabilities
\$ 1,576,604
2, 970, 306 $(27,905)$

2,942,401
562, 426
411, 086
\$ 5, 492, 517
---------
\$ 3, 767,729
541, 689
268, 617 40, 932
\$ 4, 618, 967

In connection with the acquisition, the Company recorded approximately \$562 million of goodwill and core deposit intangible, and incurred nonrecurring expenses related to systems conversions and other costs of integrating and conforming the acquired operations with and into the operations of M\&T Bank. Such expenses totaled $\$ 3.0$ million and $\$ 21.3$ million during the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 1998, respectively. Since the systems conversions and integration of operations is largely complete, the Company does not expect to incur a material amount of additional integration costs.

The Company's net income for the third quarter of 1998 was $\$ 56.5$ million, an increase of $23 \%$ from $\$ 45.9$ million in the year-earlier quarter. Diluted earnings per common share were $\$ 6.81$ in the recent quarter, up $3 \%$ from $\$ 6.62$ in the third quarter of 1997. Net income was $\$ 44.7$ million in the second quarter of 1998, representing $\$ 5.32$ of diluted earnings per share. Basic earnings per share increased $2 \%$ to $\$ 7.09$ in the third quarter of 1998 from $\$ 6.96$ in the comparable 1997 quarter and $28 \%$ from $\$ 5.55$ earned in 1998 's second quarter. The after-tax impact on the third and second quarters of 1998 of nonrecurring expenses associated with merging the operations of ONBANCorp into the Company was $\$ 1.8$ million and $\$ 11.3$ million, respectively, representing $\$ .21$ and $\$ 1.34$ of diluted earnings per share, respectively, and $\$ .22$ and $\$ 1.40$ of basic earnings per share, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 1998, net income totaled $\$ 150.1$ million or $\$ 19.01$ per diluted share, up $16 \%$ and $2 \%$, respectively, from $\$ 129.9$ million or $\$ 18.60$ per share during the first nine months of 1997. Basic earnings per share rose to $\$ 19.84$ in the first nine months of 1998 from $\$ 19.59$ in the corresponding 1997 period. Nonrecurring merger-related expenses lowered net
income during the nine month period ended September 30, 1998 by $\$ 14.0$ million and diluted and basic earnings per share by $\$ 1.77$ and $\$ 1.85$, respectively.

The Company's net income for the third quarter of 1998 expressed as an annualized rate of return on average assets was 1.15\%, compared with $1.36 \%$ and . $92 \%$ in the third quarter of 1997 and the second quarter of 1998, respectively. The annualized rate of return on average common stockholders' equity was $13.48 \%$ in the recent quarter, compared with $18.92 \%$ in the year- earlier quarter and $10.77 \%$ in 1998 's second quarter. During the first nine months of 1998, the annualized rates of return on average assets and average common stockholders' equity were $1.13 \%$ and $13.73 \%$, respectively, compared with $1.32 \%$ and $18.58 \%$, respectively, in the corresponding 1997 period. Excluding the impact of merger-related expenses, the annualized returns on average assets and average common equity were $1.19 \%$ and $13.91 \%$, respectively, during the third quarter of 1998 and $1.24 \%$ and $15.01 \%$, respectively, during the first nine months of 1998.

On July 31, 1998, M\&T completed the sale of its retail credit card business, including outstanding balances of approximately $\$ 186$ million on that date, and recognized a pre-tax gain of approximately $\$ 3.2$ million. M\&T continues to offer credit cards to customers in the name of M\&T Bank, but the cardholder accounts are owned and serviced by the purchaser of that business.

Cash Operating Results
As a result of the acquisition of ONBANCorp on April 1, 1998 and, to a significantly lesser extent, acquisitions of other entities in prior years, M\&T had recorded as assets at September 30, 1998 goodwill and core deposit intangible totaling $\$ 556$ million. Since the amortization of goodwill and core deposit intangible does not result in a cash expense, M\&T believes that reporting its operating results on a "cash" (or "tangible") basis (which excludes the after-tax effect of amortization of goodwill and core deposit intangible and the related asset balances) represents a more relevant measure of financial performance and better reflects the cash return on the investments made by M\&T to improve and expand its franchise. Cash basis data presented herein do not exclude the effect of non-cash operating expenses such as depreciation, provision for possible credit losses, or deferred income taxes associated with the results of operations.

Excluding nonrecurring merger-related expenses, cash net income rose $43 \%$ to $\$ 67.7$ million in the recent quarter, from $\$ 47.4$ million in the third quarter of 1997. On the same basis, diluted earnings per share for the third quarter of 1998 were $\$ 8.17$, up $19 \%$ from $\$ 6.85$ in the year-earlier quarter. Cash net income and diluted earnings per share, excluding one-time expenses, were $\$ 65.4$ million and $\$ 7.78$, respectively, in the second quarter of 1998. For the first nine months of 1998 cash net income and diluted cash earnings per share, excluding merger-related expenses, were $\$ 184.6$ million and $\$ 23.37$, respectively, up $37 \%$ and $21 \%$, respectively, from $\$ 134.6$ million and $\$ 19.26$ in the corresponding 1997 period.

Cash return on average tangible assets, excluding the impact of nonrecurring merger-related expenses, was an annualized $1.42 \%$ in the recent quarter, compared with $1.40 \%$ in the third quarter of 1997 and $1.38 \%$ in the second quarter of 1998. Cash return on average tangible common equity, also before one-time expenses, rose to an annualized $23.90 \%$ in the third quarter of 1998, compared with $19.98 \%$ in the year-earlier quarter and $23.50 \%$ in the second 1998 quarter. The annualized cash return on average tangible assets and average tangible common stockholders' equity for the first nine months of 1998, excluding one-time merger-related expenses, was $1.42 \%$ and $22.59 \%$, respectively, compared with $1.37 \%$ and $19.70 \%$, respectively, in the corresponding 1997 period. Including the effect of merger-related expenses, the annualized cash return on average tangible assets for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 1998 was $1.38 \%$ and $1.32 \%$, respectively, and the annualized cash return on average tangible common stockholders' equity was $23.28 \%$ and $20.87 \%$, respectively.

## Taxable-equivalent Net Interest Income

Net interest income expressed on a taxable-equivalent basis was $\$ 174.5$ million in the third quarter of 1998, up $\$ 33.0$ million or $23 \%$ from $\$ 141.5$ million in the year-earlier quarter, but lower than $\$ 178.9$ million earned in the second quarter of 1998. Growth in average loans and leases was the most significant factor contributing to the improvement in net interest income from the third quarter of 1997. Average loans and leases increased $\$ 4.1$ billion, or $37 \%$, to $\$ 15.1$ billion in the third quarter of 1998 from $\$ 11.0$ billion in the year-earlier quarter. The primary reason for the higher loan balances compared with 1997 was the $\$ 3.0$ billion of loans obtained on April 1, 1998 from the ONBANCorp acquisition, including approximately $\$ 450$ million of commercial loans, $\$ 380$ million of commercial real estate loans, $\$ 1.2$ billion of residential mortgage loans and $\$ 930$ million of consumer loans. Partially offsetting these increases in average loans and leases was the impact of the July 1998 sale of M\&T's retail credit card business. Average credit card balances for the third quarter of 1998 totaled \$73 million, compared with \$257 million in the corresponding 1997 quarter and $\$ 216$ million in 1998's second quarter. Average loans and leases in the recent quarter were $\$ 146$ million, or $1 \%$, higher than the second quarter of 1998 despite the impact of the sale of the retail credit card portfolio described above and a decline in average commercial loan balances outstanding attributable to lower levels of inventory floor plan loans to automobile dealers resulting from normal seasonal fluctuations and the impact of a strike against certain production facilities of General Motors Corporation during the recent quarter. The accompanying table summarizes quarterly changes in the major components of the loan and lease portfolio.

AVERAGE LOANS AND LEASES
(net of unearned discount) Dollars in millions

| $\begin{gathered} \text { 3rd Qtr. } \\ 1998 \end{gathered}$ | Percent increase (decrease) from |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3 rd Qtr. | 2nd Qtr. |
|  | 1997 | 1998 |
| \$ 2,935 | 32 \% | (1)\% |
| 5,192 | 23 | 4 |
| 4,081 | 82 | 3 |
| 1,425 | 37 | 3 |
| 743 | 15 | (1) |
| 73 | (71) | (66) |
| 675 | 85 | (7) |
|  | - | (5) |
| 2,916 | 26 | (5) |
| \$15,124 | 37 \% | 1 \% |
| ===== | == | == |

Taxable-equivalent net interest income for the first nine months of 1998 totaled \$496.6 million, up 19\% from \$418.8 million in the corresponding 1997 period. An increase in average loans and leases of $\$ 3.1$ billion, including approximately $\$ 2.0$ billion attributable to the loans acquired in the ONBANCorp transaction, was the primary contributor to this improvement.

Investment securities averaged $\$ 2.5$ billion in the recent quarter, including $\$ 1.1$ billion acquired in the ONBANCorp transaction, up from $\$ 1.7$ billion in the third quarter of 1997. Holdings of investment securities averaged $\$ 2.9$ billion in the second quarter of 1998 , including $\$ 1.4$ billion of securities obtained in the acquisition of ONBANCorp. Money-market assets averaged \$224 million in 1998's third quarter, compared with $\$ 156$ million in both the year-earlier quarter and the second quarter of 1998. For the first nine months of 1998, average balances of investment securities and money-market assets were $\$ 2.3$ billion and $\$ 174$ million, respectively, compared with $\$ 1.7$ billion and $\$ 131$ million, respectively, during the comparable period of 1997. Investment securities obtained in the acquisition of ONBANCorp averaged approximately \$800 million during the first nine months of 1998. In general, the size of the investment securities and money-market assets portfolios are influenced by such factors as demand for loans, which generally yield more than investment securities and money-market assets, ongoing repayments, the levels of deposits, and management of balance sheet size and resulting capital ratios.

As a result of the changes described above, average earning assets totaled $\$ 17.9$ billion in the third quarter of 1998 , an increase of $\$ 5.0$ billion, or $39 \%$, from $\$ 12.9$ billion in the comparable 1997 quarter. Average earning assets were $\$ 18.0$ billion in the second quarter of 1998 and aggregated $\$ 16.4$ billion and $\$ 12.7$ billion for the nine month periods ended September 30, 1998 and 1997, respectively.

Core deposits represent the most significant source of funding to the Company and generally carry lower interest rates than wholesale funds of comparable maturities. Core deposits consist of noninterest-bearing deposits, interest-bearing transaction accounts, savings deposits and nonbrokered domestic time deposits under \$100,000. The Company's branch network is the principal source of core deposits. Core deposits include certificates of deposit under $\$ 100,000$ generated on a nationwide basis by M\&T Bank, National Association ("M\&T Bank, N.A."), a wholly owned bank subsidiary of M\&T. Core deposits obtained on April 1, 1998 in conjunction with the acquisition of ONBANCorp totaled approximately $\$ 2.8$ billion. Average core deposits increased to $\$ 11.4$ billion in the third quarter of 1998, from $\$ 8.4$ billion in the year-earlier quarter. Core deposits averaged $\$ 11.5$ billion in the second quarter of 1998. The accompanying table provides an analysis of quarterly changes in the components of average core deposits. For the nine months ended September 30, 1998 and 1997, core deposits averaged $\$ 10.5$ billion and $\$ 8.3$ billion, respectively.

AVERAGE CORE DEPOSITS
Dollars in millions

|  | Percent increase <br> (decrease) from |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $3 r d$ Qtr. | 3rd Qtr. |
| 2nd Qtr. |  |  |  |

In addition to core deposits, the Company obtains funding through domestic time deposits of $\$ 100,000$ or more, deposits originated through M\&T Bank's offshore branch office, and brokered certificates of deposit. Brokered deposits are used as an alternative to short-term borrowings to lengthen the average maturity of interest-bearing liabilities. Brokered deposits averaged \$1.4 billion during the recent quarter, compared with $\$ 1.5$ billion during both the comparable 1997 period and the second quarter of 1998. At September 30, 1998, brokered deposits totaled $\$ 1.4$ billion and had a weighted average remaining term to maturity of 2.02 years. However, certain of the deposits have provisions that allow early redemption. Additional amounts of brokered deposits may be solicited in the future depending on market conditions and the cost of funds available from alternative sources at the time.

The Company uses borrowings from banks, securities dealers, the Federal Home Loan Banks ("FHLB") and others as alternative sources of funding. Short-term borrowings averaged $\$ 2.1$ billion in the recent quarter, compared with $\$ 641$ million in the year-earlier quarter and $\$ 2.2$ billion in the second quarter of 1998. Long-term borrowings averaged $\$ 861$ million and $\$ 428$ million in the third quarter of 1998 and 1997, respectively, and $\$ 695$ million in the second quarter of 1998. Long-term borrowings include $\$ 250$ million of trust preferred securities issued by two special-purpose entities formed by M\&T during the first half of 1997 and similar securities with a carrying value of $\$ 69$ million that were issued in the first quarter of 1997 by a special-purpose entity formed by ONBANCorp, as well as $\$ 175$ million of subordinated capital notes issued in prior years by M\&T Bank. Also included in average long-term borrowings during the third quarter of 1998 were $\$ 348$ million of FHLB borrowings, compared with $\$ 2$ million in the year-earlier quarter and $\$ 182$ million in the second quarter of 1998.

Net interest income is impacted by changes in the composition of the Company's earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, as well as changes in interest rates and spreads. Net interest spread, or the difference between the taxable-equivalent yield on earning assets and the rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities, was $3.30 \%$ in the third quarter of 1998, compared with $3.65 \%$ in the corresponding 1997 quarter. The yield on earning assets decreased 37 basis points (hundredths of one percent) to $7.97 \%$ in the third quarter of 1998 from $8.34 \%$ in the year-earlier quarter. Approximately one-half of the 37 basis point decrease in the recent quarter's yield was due to lower yielding residential real estate loans, consumer loans and investment securities acquired in the ONBANCorp transaction. Competitive pressure on interest rates charged for newly originated loans, particularly commercial loans and commercial real estate loans, also contributed to the decline in yield. The rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities in the third quarter of 1998 was $4.67 \%$, compared with $4.69 \%$ in the corresponding 1997 quarter. The net interest spread was 3.44\% in the second quarter of 1998 when the yield on earning assets was $8.10 \%$ and the rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities was $4.66 \%$.

Interest-free funds, consisting largely of noninterest-bearing demand deposits and stockholders' equity, contributed . $57 \%$ to net interest margin, or taxable equivalent net interest income expressed as an annualized percentage of average earning assets, in the third quarter of 1998, compared with .70\% in the corresponding 1997 quarter and $.55 \%$ in the second quarter of 1998. Average interest-free funds totaled $\$ 2.2$ billion in the third quarter of 1998 , up from $\$ 1.9$ billion a year earlier and $\$ 2.1$ billion in the second 1998 quarter. The decline in the contribution to net interest margin of interest-free funds from 1997 was due, in part, to the goodwill and core deposit intangible assets recorded in conjunction with the ONBANCorp acquisition, which averaged \$549 million during the recent quarter, and the cash surrender value of bank-owned life insurance, which averaged $\$ 362$ million in the third quarter of 1998. The cash surrender value of bank-owned life insurance averaged $\$ 44$ million during the third quarter of 1997. Increases in the cash surrender value of bank-owned life insurance are not included in interest income, but rather are recorded in "other revenue from operations." These two noninterest-earning assets mitigated much of the benefit derived from increases in noninterest-bearing deposits and stockholders' equity resulting from the ONBANCorp transaction

Due to the changes described above, the Company's net interest margin was $3.87 \%$ in 1998's third quarter, compared with $4.35 \%$ in the comparable quarter of 1997 and $3.99 \%$ in the second quarter of 1998. During the first nine months of 1998 and 1997, the net interest margin was $4.04 \%$ and $4.42 \%$, respectively.

The Company, as part of the management of interest rate risk, utilizes interest rate swap agreements to modify the repricing characteristics of certain portions of the loan and deposit portfolios. Revenue and expense arising from these agreements are reflected in either the yields earned on loans or, as appropriate, rates paid on interest-bearing deposits. The notional amount of interest rate swap agreements used as part of the Company's management of interest rate risk in effect at September 30, 1998 and 1997 was $\$ 2.5$ billion and $\$ 3.0$ billion, respectively. In general, under the terms of these swaps, the Company receives payments based on the outstanding notional amount of the swaps at fixed rates of interest and makes payments at variable rates. However, under the terms of a $\$ 32$ million swap, the Company pays a fixed rate of interest and receives a variable rate. At September 30, 1998, the weighted average rates to be received and paid under interest rate swap agreements were $6.29 \%$ and $5.63 \%$, respectively. As of September 30, 1998, the Company had also entered into forward-starting swaps with an aggregate notional amount of $\$ 391$ million in which the Company will pay a fixed rate of interest and receive a variable rate. Such forward- starting swaps had no effect on the Company's net interest income through September 30, 1998. The average notional amounts of interest rate swaps and the related effect on net interest income and margin are presented in the accompanying table.


* Computed as an annualized percentage of average earning assets or
interest-bearing liabilities.
** Excludes forward starting interest rate swaps.

The Company estimates that as of September 30, 1998 it would have received approximately $\$ 31$ million if all interest rate swap agreements entered into for interest rate risk management purposes had been terminated. This estimated fair value of the interest rate swap portfolio results from the effects of changing interest rates and should be considered in the context of the entire balance sheet and the Company's overall interest rate risk profile. Changes in the estimated fair value of interest rate swaps entered into for interest rate risk management purposes are not recorded in the consolidated financial statements.

As a financial intermediary, the Company is exposed to various risks, including liquidity and market risk. Liquidity risk arises whenever the maturities of financial instruments included in assets and liabilities differ. Accordingly, a critical element in managing a financial institution is ensuring that sufficient cash flow and liquid assets are available to satisfy demands for loans and deposit withdrawals, to fund operating expenses, and to be used for other corporate purposes. Deposits and borrowings, maturities of money-market assets, repayments of loans and investment securities, and cash generated from operations, such as net interest income and fees collected for services, provide the Company with other sources of liquidity. M\&T's banking subsidiaries have access to additional funding sources through membership in the FHLB, as well as other available borrowing facilities. M\&T utilizes dividend payments from its banking subsidiaries, which are subject to various regulatory limitations, to pay common stock dividends, repurchase treasury stock, and fund debt service and other operating expenses. M\&T also maintains a $\$ 25$ million line of credit with an unaffiliated commercial bank, all of which was available for borrowing at September 30, 1998. The proceeds from $\$ 250$ million of junior subordinated debt issued to two special-purpose entities provided additional funds to M\&T in 1997 Management does not anticipate engaging in any activities, either currently or in the long-term, which would cause a significant strain on liquidity at either M\&T or its subsidiary banks. Furthermore, management closely monitors the Company's liquidity position for compliance with internal policies and believes that available sources of liquidity are adequate to meet anticipated funding needs.

Market risk is the risk of loss from adverse changes in interest rates and the resulting impact on market prices of the Company's financial instruments. The core banking activities of lending and deposit-taking expose the Company to this interest rate risk. As a result of interest rate risk, net interest income earned by the Company is subject to the effects of changing interest rates. The Company measures interest rate risk by calculating the variability of net interest income under various interest rate scenarios using projected balances for earning assets, interest-bearing liabilities and off-balance sheet financial instruments. Management's philosophy toward positioning the Company for interest rate movements is to attempt to limit such variability. The balances of both onand off-balance sheet financial instruments used in the projections are based on expected growth from forecasted business opportunities, anticipated prepayments of mortgage-related assets and expected maturities of investment securities, loans and deposits. Management supplements the modeling technique described above with analyses of the Company's sensitivity to changes in the market values of financial instruments resulting from changing interest rates.

The Asset-Liability Committee, which includes members of senior management, monitors the Company's interest rate sensitivity with the aid of a computer model which considers the impact of ongoing lending and deposit gathering activities, as well as statistically derived interrelationships in the magnitude and timing of the repricing of financial instruments, including the effect of changing interest rates on expected prepayments and maturities. When deemed prudent, management has taken actions, and intends to do so in the future, to mitigate exposure to interest rate risk through the use of on- or off-balance sheet financial instruments. Possible actions include, but are not limited to, changes in the pricing of loan and deposit products, modifying the composition of earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, and entering into or modifying existing interest rate swap agreements.

The accompanying table displays the estimated impact on net interest income from financial instruments held for non-trading purposes resulting from changes in interest rates during the first modeling year.

## SENSITIVITY OF NET INTEREST INCOME

TO CHANGES IN INTEREST RATES
(dollars in thousands) Calculated
increase (decrease)
in projected net
interest income
Changes in Interest Rates
+200 basis points
\$ 376
+100 basis points

- -100 basis points

2,797

-     - 200 basis points

$$
(2,954)
$$

$$
(6,161)
$$

The calculation of the impact of changes in interest rates on net interest income is based upon many assumptions, including interest rate spreads, the shape of the yield curve, prepayments of mortgage-related assets, cash flows from derivative and other financial instruments held for non-trading purposes, loan and deposit volumes and pricing, and deposit maturities. The Company also assumes gradual changes in interest rates of 100 and 200 basis points up and down during a twelve-month period. These assumptions are inherently uncertain and, as a result, the Company cannot precisely predict the impact of changes in interest rates on net interest income. Actual results may differ significantly due to timing, magnitude and frequency of interest rate changes and changes in market conditions, as well as any actions, such as those previously described, which management may take to counter these changes.

The Company engages in trading activities to meet the financial needs of customers and to profit from perceived market opportunities. Trading activities are conducted utilizing financial instruments that include forward and futures contracts related to foreign currency exchange and mortgage-backed securities, U.S. Treasury and other government securities, and interest rate contracts such as swaps. As a result, the Company is exposed to foreign currency and interest rate risk resulting from trading activities. However, the Company monitors its trading position daily and generally
mitigates exposure arising from trading activities by entering into offsetting positions. Accordingly, the Company's exposure to interest rate, foreign exchange or other price risk related to trading activities as of September 30, 1998 was not considered material.

## Provision for Possible Credit Losses

The provision for possible credit losses in the third quarter of 1998 was $\$ 10.5$ million, down from $\$ 12.0$ million in the year-earlier quarter and $\$ 13.2$ million in 1998's second quarter, in part reflecting the July 1998 sale of M\&T's retail credit card business. The purpose of the provision is to replenish or build the Company's allowance for possible credit losses to a level necessary to maintain an adequate reserve position. Net loan charge-offs totaled $\$ 11.8$ million in the recent quarter, compared with $\$ 11.6$ million and $\$ 9.0$ million in the third quarter of 1997 and the second quarter of 1998, respectively. Net charge-offs as an annualized percentage of average loans and leases were . $31 \%$ in the recent quarter, compared with . $42 \%$ in the corresponding 1997 quarter and $.24 \%$ in the second quarter of 1998. Net charge-offs of consumer loans in the recent quarter were $\$ 8.5$ million, compared with $\$ 8.2$ million in the year-earlier period and $\$ 9.3$ million in 1998's second quarter. Net consumer loan charge-offs as an annualized percentage of average consumer loans and leases were $1.16 \%$ in the third quarter of 1998, compared with $1.42 \%$ in the corresponding quarter of 1997 and $1.21 \%$ in 1998 's second quarter. Net charge-offs of credit card balances included in net consumer loan charge-offs were $\$ 4.6$ million and $\$ 4.5$ million in the third quarter of 1998 and 1997, respectively, and $\$ 4.6$ million in the second quarter of 1998. For the nine months ended September 30, 1998 and 1997, the provision for possible credit losses was $\$ 35.7$ million and $\$ 34.0$ million, respectively. Through September 30, net charge-offs were $\$ 28.7$ million in 1998 and $\$ 32.2$ million in 1997, representing $.28 \%$ and $.40 \%$, respectively, of average loans and leases. Consumer loan net charge-offs totaled $\$ 25.6$ million and $\$ 26.8$ million during the nine months ended September 30, 1998 and 1997, respectively. Net credit card charge-offs were $\$ 13.8$ million during the first nine months of 1998 and $\$ 14.4$ million during the corresponding 1997 period.

Including $\$ 39.0$ million of loans obtained in the acquisition of ONBANCorp, nonperforming loans were $\$ 119.2$ million or $.79 \%$ of total loans and leases outstanding at September 30, 1998, compared with $\$ 85.8$ million or $.76 \%$ a year earlier and $\$ 127.2$ million or $.83 \%$ at June 30, 1998. Nonperforming commercial real estate loans totaled $\$ 18.7$ million at September 30, 1998, $\$ 24.9$ million at September 30, 1997 and $\$ 24.8$ million at June 30, 1998. Nonperforming commercial real estate loans include loans secured by properties located in the New York City metropolitan area of $\$ 716$ thousand at September 30, 1998, $\$ 10.1$ million a year earlier and $\$ 3.6$ million at June 30, 1998. Nonperforming consumer loans and leases totaled $\$ 27.6$ million at September 30, 1998, compared with $\$ 19.5$ million at September 30, 1997 and $\$ 30.0$ million at June 30, 1998. As a percentage of consumer loan balances outstanding, nonperforming consumer loans and leases were
$.96 \%$ at September 30, 1998 compared with $.84 \%$ at September 30, 1997 and $.99 \%$ at June 30, 1998. Assets acquired in settlement of defaulted loans were $\$ 11.1$ million at September 30, 1998, $\$ 8.2$ million a year earlier and $\$ 12.2$ million at June 30, 1998.

A comparative summary of nonperforming assets and certain credit quality ratios is presented in the accompanying table.

|  | 1998 Quarters |  |  |  | 1997 Quarters |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Third | Second | First | Fourth | Third |
| Nonaccrual loans | \$ | 73,778 | 78,527 | 40,737 | 38,588 | 50,369 |
| Loans past due |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 90 days or more |  | 37,746 | 41,686 | 24,449 | 30,402 | 29,979 |
| Renegotiated loans |  | 7,656 | 7,025 | 4,819 | 11,660 | 5,413 |
| Total nonperforming loans |  | 119,180 | 127,238 | 70,005 | 80,650 | 85,761 |
| Real estate and other assets |  | 11,106 | 12,211 | 7,828 | 8,413 | 8,239 |
| Total nonperforming assets |  | 130,286 | 139,449 | 77,833 | 89,063 | 94,000 |
| Government guaranteed |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| nonperforming loans* |  | 13,776 | 16,062 | 14,787 | 17,712 | 17,853 |
| Nonperforming loans |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| to total loans and leases, net of unearned discount |  | . $79 \%$ | .83\% | .58\% | .70\% | .76\% |
| Nonperforming assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| to total net loans and real estate and other assets |  | . 86\% | . $91 \%$ | . $65 \%$ | .77\% | . $83 \%$ |

* Included in total nonperforming loans.

The allowance for possible credit losses was $\$ 309.5$ million, or $2.04 \%$ of total loans and leases at September 30, 1998, compared with $\$ 272.3$ million or $2.42 \%$ a year earlier, $\$ 274.7$ million or $2.39 \%$ at December 31, 1997 and $\$ 310.8$ million or $2.04 \%$ at June 30, 1998. The ratio of the allowance for possible credit losses to nonperforming loans was $260 \%$ at the most recent quarter-end, compared with 318\% a year earlier, 341\% at December 31, 1997 and $244 \%$ at June 30, 1998. Management regularly assesses the adequacy of the allowance by performing an ongoing evaluation of the loan and lease portfolio, including such factors as the differing economic risks associated with each loan category, the current financial condition of specific borrowers, the economic environment in which borrowers operate, the level of delinquent loans and the value of any collateral. Significant loans are individually analyzed, while other smaller balance loans are evaluated by loan category. Impacting the assessment as of September 30, 1998 was the effect that volatile economic conditions in foreign markets were having on the domestic economy. While the Company's direct international exposure is limited, the volatile conditions caused some instability in the domestic economy. Given the concentration of commercial real estate loans in the Company's loan portfolio, particularly the large concentration of loans secured by properties in New York State, in general, and in the New York City metropolitan area, in particular, coupled with significant growth in recent years in loans to individual consumers, management cautiously evaluated the impact of interest rates and overall economic conditions on the ability of borrowers to meet repayment obligations when assessing the adequacy of the Company's allowance for possible credit losses as of September 30, 1998. Based upon the results of such review, management believes that the allowance for possible credit losses at September 30, 1998 was adequate to absorb credit losses from existing loans and leases.

## Other Income

Other income totaled $\$ 66.6$ million in the third quarter of 1998, up $33 \%$ from $\$ 50.2$ million in the year-earlier quarter. Approximately one-half of the increase from the third quarter of 1997 was attributable to revenues related to operations and market areas associated with the ONBANCorp acquisition. Other income was $\$ 66.4$ million in the second quarter of 1998. Excluding $\$ 15.3$ million of tax-exempt other income the Company recognized in 1998's first quarter in connection with the contribution of appreciated investment securities with a fair value of $\$ 24.6$ million to an affiliated, tax-exempt private charitable foundation, other income was $\$ 188.1$ million in the first nine months of 1998, up 34\% from \$140.1 million in the comparable 1997
period. Approximately one-third of this increase was attributable to revenues related to operations and market areas associated with the ONBANCorp acquisition. As a result of the charitable contribution noted above, the Company also incurred $\$ 24.6$ million of charitable contributions expense and realized income tax benefits of $\$ 10.0$ million.

Mortgage banking revenues totaled $\$ 16.4$ million in the recent quarter, compared with $\$ 12.7$ million in the year-earlier quarter and $\$ 18.5$ million in the second quarter of 1998. Residential mortgage loan servicing fees were $\$ 7.3$ million in the third quarter of 1998 , compared with $\$ 6.2$ million in the year-earlier quarter and $\$ 7.8$ million in the second quarter of 1998. Gains from sales of residential mortgage loans and loan servicing rights were $\$ 8.1$ million in the recently completed quarter, compared with $\$ 5.8$ million in the corresponding 1997 quarter and $\$ 9.9$ million in 1998 's second quarter. During the second quarter of 1998, the Company completed bulk sales of servicing rights related to approximately $\$ 400$ million of loans sold to investors in prior periods resulting in a gain of $\$ 1.2$ million. Due, in part, to generally favorable interest rates for borrowers, during the third quarter of 1998 residential mortgage loans originated for sale to other investors totaled \$939 million, up from $\$ 608$ million in 1997 's third quarter, but down slightly from $\$ 953$ million in the second 1998 quarter. Residential mortgage loans serviced for others totaled $\$ 7.5$ billion and $\$ 6.5$ billion at September 30, 1998 and 1997, respectively. Capitalized servicing assets were $\$ 64$ million and $\$ 49$ million at September 30, 1998 and 1997, respectively. Loans serviced for others and the related capitalized servicing assets obtained in the ONBANCorp acquisition were \$988 million and \$16 million, respectively, at April 1, 1998.

Service charges on deposit accounts increased to $\$ 15.9$ million in the third quarter of 1998, up from $\$ 10.9$ million in the corresponding quarter of the previous year and $\$ 14.2$ million in the second quarter of 1998. Fees for services provided to customers in the areas formerly served by ONBANCorp contributed approximately three-fourths of the increase from the third quarter of 1997. Trust income was $\$ 9.4$ million in the third quarter of 1998 , compared with $\$ 7.6$ million in last year's third quarter and $\$ 9.9$ million in the second quarter of 1998. The increase from 1997 was due largely to higher revenues for investment management and personal trust services. Merchant discount and credit card fees were $\$ 2.3$ million in the recent quarter, compared with $\$ 4.5$ million in the year-earlier period and $\$ 4.3$ million in the second 1998 quarter. As further discussed below, the decrease from the prior periods was predominately the result of the July sale of the Company's retail credit card business. Trading account and foreign exchange activity resulted in losses of \$148 thousand in the third quarter of 1998, compared with gains of $\$ 1.4$ million and $\$ 506$ thousand in the third quarter of 1997 and the second quarter of 1998, respectively. Other revenue from operations totaled $\$ 22.3$ million in the recent quarter, compared with $\$ 10.7$ million in the corresponding quarter of 1997 and $\$ 18.7$ million in the second quarter of 1998. The increase from the year-earlier period was due largely to an increase of $\$ 4.5$ million of tax-exempt income earned from the Company's ownership of bank-owned life insurance, a $\$ 3.2$ million gain on the previously mentioned sale of the Company's retail credit card business and an increase of $\$ 2.3$ million in fees for services provided to borrowers and other credit customers.

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 1998, mortgage banking revenues totaled $\$ 48.7$ million, up $32 \%$ from $\$ 37.0$ million in the corresponding 1997 period. Compared with the first nine months of 1997, mortgage servicing fees and gains from sales of loans and loan servicing rights in 1998 were up by $\$ 4.0$ million and $\$ 7.2$ million, respectively. Compared with the same period in 1997, service charges on deposit accounts increased $29 \%$ to $\$ 41.4$ million during the first nine months of 1998, while trust income increased $32 \%$ to $\$ 28.8$ million. As a result of the factors discussed in the next paragraph, merchant discount and credit card fees decreased $22 \%$ to $\$ 10.9$ million from $\$ 14.0$ million in the similar period of 1997. Trading account and foreign exchange activity resulted in gains of $\$ 2.1$ million for the initial nine months of 1998 , compared with gains of $\$ 3.4$ million during the first nine months of 1997 . Excluding the effect of the contribution of securities to the affiliated charitable foundation, other
revenues from operations increased $72 \%$ to $\$ 55.5$ million in the first nine months of 1998 from $\$ 32.3$ million in the comparable 1997 period. The increase resulted largely from an increase of $\$ 11.9$ million in tax-exempt income earned from bank-owned life insurance, $\$ 4.6$ million of increased fees for credit and other services provided to borrowers and other customers, the $\$ 3.2$ million gain from the sale of the retail credit card business, a $\$ 2.3$ million rise in automated teller machine service fees and a $\$ 2.0$ million increase in fees earned from the sales of mutual funds and annuities. These latter fees totaled $\$ 13.5$ million during the first nine months of 1998.

Due to poorer than expected results, during 1997 and 1998 the Company erminated all of its co-branded credit card programs and, as previously discussed, sold its retail credit card business, including outstanding balances of approximately $\$ 186$ million, on July 31, 1998, recognizing a pre-tax gain of $\$ 3.2$ million. Outstanding credit card balances were $\$ 263.9$ million, or $2.3 \%$ of total loans and leases, at September 30,1997 and $\$ 205.5$ million, or $1.3 \%$, at June 30, 1998. Total credit card fees included in merchant discount and credit card fees in the first nine months of 1998 were $\$ 8.3$ million, compared with $\$ 11.7$ million in the corresponding 1997 period. Through the date of sale, the results of operations of the retail credit card business in 1998, including internal allocations of the provision for possible credit losses, interest expense and other expenses, were essentially break-even. On the same basis, the Company incurred a loss of approximately $\$ 8$ million during the nine months ended September 30, 1997.

## Other Expense

Excluding the amortization of goodwill and core deposit intangible and nonrecurring merger-related expenses, other expense totaled $\$ 124.6$ million in the third quarter of $1998,21 \%$ higher than $\$ 102.9$ million in the year-earlier quarter, but down $2 \%$ from $\$ 127.4$ million in the second quarter of 1998 . On the same basis, through the first nine months of 1998, other expense totaled \$382.4 million, up $25 \%$ from $\$ 305.6$ million in the corresponding 1997 period. Nonrecurring merger-related expenses totaled $\$ 3.0$ million and $\$ 16.7$ million in the third and second quarters of 1998 , respectively, and $\$ 21.3$ million for the first nine months of 1998. The charitable contributions expense of $\$ 24.6$ million related to the January 1998 donation of appreciated investment securities already discussed and higher operating expense levels resulting from combining ONBANCorp with the Company largely explain the increases in expenses from 1997 to 1998. Since nearly all operating systems and support operations of ONBANCorp have been converted to or combined with those of the Company, the Company's operating expenses cannot be precisely divided between or attributed directly to ONBANCorp or the Company as it existed prior to the merger.

Salaries and employee benefits expense was $\$ 63.5$ million in the recent quarter, $13 \%$ higher than the $\$ 56.3$ million in the year-earlier quarter, but $9 \%$ lower than the $\$ 69.9$ million in the second quarter of 1998 . For the first nine months of 1998, salaries and employee benefits expense increased $16 \%$ to $\$ 191.8$ million from $\$ 165.4$ million in the corresponding 1997 period. Salaries and employee benefits relating to the operations acquired from ONBANCorp largely contributed to the increased expense level in the 1998 periods over 1997. Other factors contributing to the higher expenses were merit salary increases and higher costs associated with commissions, other incentive-based compensation arrangements and employee benefits. Partially offsetting the impact of these higher expenses was a decrease in expense associated with stock appreciation rights. For the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 1998, expenses for stock appreciation rights declined $\$ 7.9$ million and $\$ 6.4$ million, respectively, from the comparable periods of 1997. Such expenses declined $\$ 6.7$ million from the second to the third quarter of 1998

Excluding one-time merger-related expenses and amortization of goodwill and core deposit intangible, nonpersonnel expense totaled $\$ 61.9$ million in
the recent quarter, compared with $\$ 46.6$ million in the third quarter of 1997 and $\$ 58.8$ million in 1998 's second quarter. On the same basis, such expenses were $\$ 192.8$ million during the first nine months of 1998, up $38 \%$ from $\$ 140.2$ million during the corresponding 1997 period. The increases from 1997 were largely the result of expenses related to the acquired operations of ONBANCorp and an increase in amortization of capitalized servicing rights. Including $\$ 1.2$ million of amortization of servicing rights obtained in the ONBANCorp acquisition, amortization and impairment of capitalized servicing rights increased to \$6.0 million in the third quarter of 1998 from $\$ 3.3$ million in the third quarter of 1997. For the first nine months of 1998 and 1997, such expenses were $\$ 15.7$ million and $\$ 10.1$ million, respectively. The previously mentioned transfer of securities to an affiliated charitable foundation in January 1998 also contributed $\$ 24.6$ million to the higher expense level during the first nine months of 1998. Partially offsetting these increases were declines in co-branded credit card rebate and other operating expenses based on card usage of $\$ 2.2$ million and $\$ 577$ thousand compared with the third quarter of 1997 and the second quarter of 1998, respectively. Such expenses for the first nine months of 1998 were $\$ 2.8$ million, compared with $\$ 8.5$ million in the corresponding 1997 period.

## Capital

Stockholders' equity at September 30, 1998 was $\$ 1.6$ billion or $8.47 \%$ of total assets, compared with $\$ 982$ million or $7.18 \%$ of total assets a year earlier and $\$ 1.0$ billion or $7.36 \%$ at December 31, 1997. Stockholders' equity per share was $\$ 209.03$ at September 30, 1998, up from $\$ 149.31$ and $\$ 155.86$ at September 30 and December 31, 1997, respectively. Excluding goodwill and core deposit intangible, net of applicable tax effect, tangible equity per share was $\$ 141.43$ at September 30, 1998, compared with \$146.40 a year earlier and \$153.24 at December 31, 1997. To complete the acquisition of ONBANCorp on April 1, 1998, M\&T issued 1,429,998 shares of common stock to former holders of ONBANCorp common stock and assumed employee stock options for 61,772 shares of M\&T common stock resulting in additions to stockholders' equity of $\$ 587.8$ million and $\$ 19.4$ million, respectively.

Stockholders' equity at September 30, 1998 reflected a gain of $\$ 6.8$ million, or $\$ .86$ per share, for the net after-tax impact of unrealized gains on investment securities classified as available for sale, compared with unrealized gains of $\$ 11.2$ million or $\$ 1.71$ per share at September 30, 1997 and $\$ 12.0$ million or $\$ 1.82$ per share at December 31, 1997. Such unrealized gains represent the difference, net of applicable income tax effect, between the estimated fair value and amortized cost of investment securities classified as available for sale. The market valuation of investment securities should be considered in the context of the entire balance sheet of the Company. With the exception of investment securities classified as available for sale, trading account assets and liabilities, and residential mortgage loans held for sale, the carrying values of financial instruments in the balance sheet are generally not adjusted for appreciation or depreciation in market value resulting from changes in interest rates.

Federal regulators generally require banking institutions to maintain "core capital" and "total capital" ratios of at least $4 \%$ and $8 \%$, respectively, of risk-adjusted total assets. In addition to the risk-based measures, Federal bank regulators have also implemented a minimum "leverage" ratio guideline of $3 \%$ of the quarterly average of total assets. Under regulatory guidelines, unrealized gains or losses on investment securities classified as available for sale are generally not recognized in determining regulatory capital. Core capital includes the $\$ 250$ million of trust preferred securities issued by two special-purpose entities formed by M\&T during 1997 and similar securities having a carrying value of $\$ 69$ million issued by a special-purpose entity formed by ONBANCorp. As of September 30, 1998, total capital also included $\$ 160$ million of subordinated notes issued by M\&T Bank in prior years. The capital ratios of the Company and its banking subsidiaries, M\&T Bank and M\&T Bank, N.A., as of September 30, 1998 are presented in the accompanying table.

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { M\&T } \\ \text { (Consolidated) } \end{gathered}$ | M\&T Bank | M\&T <br> Bank, N.A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Core capital | 9.18\% | 8.51\% | 19.53\% |
| Total capital | 11.48\% | 10.83\% | 20.79\% |
| Leverage | 7.44\% | 6.97\% | 9.28\% |

The rate of internal capital generation, or net income less dividends paid expressed as an annualized percentage of average total stockholders' equity, was $11.59 \%$ and $11.79 \%$ during the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 1998, compared with $16.75 \%$ and $16.30 \%$ during the comparable periods of 1997 and $8.84 \%$ in the second 1998 quarter.

During the third quarter of 1998, M\&T acquired 128,660 shares of its common stock pursuant to the repurchase program announced in February 1997. In October, this program was completed with a purchase of 1,318 shares of M\&T's common stock. Under the completed program, a total of 155,133 shares were repurchased at an average cost of $\$ 479.54$ per share. In the aggregate, M\&T repurchased 280,439 common shares during the first nine months of 1998 at a total cost of $\$ 135.5$ million. In October 1998, M\&T announced another plan to repurchase up to 200,674 additional shares for reissuance upon the possible future exercise of outstanding stock options, and through November 6, 1998 had acquired 114,449 shares at an average cost of $\$ 462.62$ per share.

## Year 2000 Initiatives

The "Year 2000" problem relates to the ability of computer systems, including those in non-information technology equipment and systems "Computer Systems"), to distinguish date data between the twentieth and twenty-first centuries. The Company is currently working to resolve the potential impact of the Year 2000 problem. The risk for the Company is that all of the corrections and testing will not be made in time for its own Computer Systems and for those third parties doing business with or providing services to the Company.

Addressing the Year 2000 problem requires that the Company identify, remediate and test its Computer Systems that have date sensitive functions As part of this process, the Company has identified those of its Computer Systems which, if uncorrected, would have a material adverse impact on the Company's customers, the Company's compliance with applicable regulations, or the Company's financial statements ("Mission Critical"). As a result of completed testing under a planned program to test for such compliance, management presently believes that approximately one-half of all of the Company's Mission Critical Computer Systems are Year 2000 compliant. Management currently anticipates that all but two of the Company's Mission Critical Computer Systems will be Year 2000 compliant by the end of 1998, and that the two remaining Mission Critical Computer Systems will be Year 2000 compliant by March 31, 1999. The Company currently expects that its remaining computer Systems will be Year 2000 compliant before the new millennium.

The Company could also be adversely affected if its vendors, customers and other third parties that supply or rely on data processing systems are not Year 2000 compliant prior to the end of 1999. The Company, therefore, is working with its data processing vendors and providing information to its commercial customers regarding Year 2000 issues. Specifically, lending officers have been trained to address Year 2000 issues with customers, including assessing customer needs for Year 2000 compliance. The Company is also addressing the Year 2000 risks posed by other third parties such as its funds providers and capital market/asset management counterparties. Lack of corrective measures by government agencies or service providers which the Company either receives data from or provides data to could also have a negative impact on the Company's operations. Notwithstanding the Company's efforts, a risk remains due to the uncertainty that such third parties will not be Year 2000 compliant before the new millennium. As a result, it is
possible that if all aspects of Year 2000 issues are not adequately
resolved by each of the third parties referred to above, the Company's future business operations, financial position and results of operations could be adversely impacted. For example, the credit quality of commercial and other loans may be adversely affected by the failure of customers' operating systems resulting from Year 2000 issues. As of September 30, 1998, the Company has not yet received sufficient information from all such third parties about their remediation plans to predict the outcome of their efforts.

Management is monitoring the Company's progress regarding Year 2000 issues. The Company has established a committee consisting of senior members of management to oversee all Year 2000 activities. In conjunction with its assessment of the Company's Year 2000 remediation plans, management is in the process of identifying and/or developing appropriate contingency plans should any critical issues not be resolved prior to January 1, 2000.

Through September 30, 1998, the Company has spent approximately $\$ 3$ million (including approximately $\$ 2$ million during the first nine months of 1998) in addressing its potential Year 2000 problems. Management believes that the Company is continuing to devote appropriate financial and human resources to resolve its Year 2000 issues in a timely manner, and currently estimates that it will expend an additional $\$ 6$ to $\$ 8$ million in order to address Year 2000 issues. A majority of the Company's past and future Year 2000 expenses relate to internal costs and constitute resources that would otherwise have been reallocated within the Company. Such reallocation has not had a material adverse impact on the Company's financial condition or results of operations, nor is it expected to have a material adverse impact in future periods. Costs associated with Year 2000 issues are recognized as expense as incurred.

The preceding discussion of Year 2000 initiatives contains forward- looking statements as to Year 2000 issues. See also the discussion of Future Factors under the caption "Forward-Looking Statements," which are incorporated by reference into the preceding discussion.

Recently issued accounting standards not yet adopted
In June 1998, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." SFAS No. 133 establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts, and for hedging activities. It requires that an entity recognize all derivatives as either assets or liabilities in the balance sheet and measure those instruments at fair value. If certain conditions are met, a derivative may be specifically designated as (a) a hedge of the exposure to changes in the fair value of a recognized asset or liability or an unrecognized firm commitment, (b) a hedge of the exposure to variable cash flows of a forecasted transaction, or (c) a hedge of the foreign currency exposure of a net investment in a foreign operation, an unrecognized firm commitment, an available for sale security, or a foreign currency denominated forecasted transaction.

The accounting for changes in the fair value of a derivative depends on the intended use of the derivative and the resulting designation. An entity that elects to apply hedge accounting is required to establish at the inception of the hedge the method it will use for assessing the effectiveness of the hedging derivative and the measurement approach for determining the ineffective aspect of the hedge. Those methods must be consistent with the entity's approach to managing risk.

SFAS No. 133 is effective for all fiscal quarters of fiscal years beginning after June 15, 1999. Initial application of SFAS No. 133 should be as of the beginning of an entity's fiscal quarter; on that date, hedging relationships must be designated anew and documented pursuant to the provisions of the statement. Early application of all of the provisions of

SFAS No. 133 is encouraged, but is permitted only as of the beginning of any fiscal quarter that began after issuance of the statement. SFAS No. 133 should not be applied retroactively to financial statements of prior periods.

The Company intends to adopt SFAS No. 133 as of January 1, 2000; however, it has not yet quantified the financial statement impact of adoption, nor has the method of adoption been determined. The Company anticipates that adoption of SFAS No. 133 could increase the volatility of reported earnings and stockholders' equity and could result in the modification of certain data processing systems and hedging practices.

Forward-Looking Statements
Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and other sections of this quarterly report contain forward- looking statements that are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about the Company's business, management's beliefs and assumptions made by management. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions ("Future Factors") which are difficult to predict. Therefore, actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in such forward-looking statements. The Company undertakes no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Future Factors include changes in interest rates, spreads on earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, and interest rate sensitivity; credit losses; sources of liquidity; regulatory supervision and oversight, including required capital levels; increasing price and product/service competition by competitors, including new entrants; rapid technological developments and changes; the ability to continue to introduce competitive new products and services on a timely, cost-effective basis; the mix of products/services; containing costs and expenses; governmental and public policy changes, including environmental regulations; protection and validity of intellectual property rights; reliance on large customers; technological, implementation and cost/financial risks in large, multi-year contracts; technological, implementation and financial risks associated with Year 2000 issues; the outcome of pending and future litigation and governmental proceedings; continued availability of financing; and financial resources in the amounts, at the times and on the terms required to support the Company's future businesses. These are representative of the Future Factors that could affect the outcome of the forward-looking statements. In addition, such statements could be affected by general industry and market conditions and growth rates, general economic conditions, including interest rate and currency exchange rate fluctuations, and other Future Factors.

Taxable-equivalent basis

Earnings and dividends
Amounts in thousands, except per share
Interest income
Interest expense

Net interest income
Less: provision for possible credit losses
Other income
Less: other expense
Income before income taxes
Applicable income taxes
Taxable-equivalent adjustment
Net income
Per common share data
Net income
Basic
Diluted
Cash dividends
Average common shares outstanding
Basic
Diluted
Performance ratios, annualized
Return on
Average assets
Average common stockholders'
Net interest margin on average earning
Nonperforming assets to total assets,
at end of quarter
Cash (tangible) operating results (1)
Net income (in thousands)
Diluted net income per common share
Annualized return on
Average tangible assets
Average tangible common
stockholders' equity
Balance sheet data
Dollars in millions, except per share
Average balances
Total assets
Earning assets
Investment securities
Loans and leases, net of unearned

Loans and leases, net of unearned discount
Deposits
Stockholders' equity
At end of quarter
Total assets
Earning assets
Investment securities
Loans and leases, net of unearned

## discount

Deposits
Stockholders' equity
Equity per common share
Tangible equity per common share
Market price per common share
High
Low
Closing

Low
Closing

## 1998 Quarters

Third Second First Fourth
 Third Second

First

| \$359, 339 | 363,503 | 277,803 | 277,166 | 271,305 | 265,301 | 257,029 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 184,850 | 184,644 | 134,585 | 133,270 | 129,768 | 125,734 | 119,321 |
| 174,489 | 178,859 | 143,218 | 143,896 | 141,537 | 139,567 | 137,708 |
| 10,500 | 13,200 | 12,000 | 12,000 | 12, 000 | 11, 000 | 11, 000 |
| 66,568 | 66,410 | 70,396 | 52,979 | 50,182 | 43,983 | 45,923 |
| 138,490 | 155,004 | 133,873 | 110,716 | 104,706 | 102,070 | 104,284 |
| 92,067 | 77,065 | 67,741 | 74,159 | 75,013 | 70,480 | 68,347 |
| 33,693 | 30,587 | 17,245 | 26,246 | 27,518 | 26,329 | 25,825 |
| 1,897 | 1,779 | 1,541 | 1,613 | 1,604 | 1,360 | 1,263 |
| \$ 56,477 | 44,699 | 48,955 | 46,300 | 45,891 | 42,791 | 41,259 |
| \$ 7.09 | 5.55 | 7.34 | 7.01 | 6.96 | 6.46 | 6.17 |
| 6.81 | 5.32 | 7.01 | 6.66 | 6.62 | 6.17 | 5.81 |
| \$ 1.00 | 1.00 | . 80 | . 80 | . 80 | . 80 | . 80 |
| 7,966 | 8,051 | 6,666 | 6,599 | 6,592 | 6,627 | 6,685 |
| 8,288 | 8,409 | 6,981 | 6,955 | 6,927 | 6,928 | 7,100 |


| $1.15 \%$ | $.92 \%$ | $1.41 \%$ | $1.33 \%$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $13.48 \%$ | $10.77 \%$ | $18.86 \%$ | $18.25 \%$ |
| $3.87 \%$ | $3.99 \%$ | $4.35 \%$ | $4.34 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |
| $.67 \%$ | $.69 \%$ | $.53 \%$ | $.64 \%$ |

$1.36 \%$
$18.92 \%$
$4.35 \%$
$.69 \%$
47,428
6.85
$1.40 \%$
$19.98 \%$

| 1.31\% | 1.30\% |
| :---: | :---: |
| 18.55\% | 18.24\% |
| 4.41\% | 4.50\% |
| . $79 \%$ | . 81\% |
| 44,350 | 42,773 |
| 6.40 | 6.02 |
| 1.36\% | 1.35\% |
| 19.70\% | 19.39\% |


| \$ | 19,455 | 19,547 | 14, 055 |  | 13,785 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 17,881 | 17,992 | 13,357 |  | 13,148 |
|  | 2,533 | 2,858 | 1,614 |  | 1, 721 |
|  | 15,124 | 14,978 | 11,602 |  | 11,327 |
|  | 14,552 | 14,726 | 10,988 |  | 11,261 |
|  | 1,662 | 1,664 | 1, 053 |  | 1, 007 |
| \$ | 19,478 | 20,138 | 14,570 |  | 14,003 |
|  | 17,905 | 18,419 | 13,778 |  | 13,333 |
|  | 2,446 | 2,707 | 1,530 |  | 1,725 |
|  | 15,163 | 15,245 | 12,033 |  | 11,497 |
|  | 14,394 | 14,813 | 11,085 |  | 11,163 |
|  | 1,649 | 1,659 | 1,069 |  | 1, 030 |
|  | 209.03 | 207.18 | 160.06 |  | 155.86 |
|  | 141.43 | 139.37 | 157.75 |  | 153.24 |
| \$ | 582 | 554 | 504 |  | 468 |
|  | 410 | 480 | 429 |  | 401 |
|  | 461 | 554 | 499 | 7/8 | 465 |


(1) Excludes amortization and balances related to goodwill and core deposit intangible and nonrecurring merger-related expenses, net of applicable income tax effects.

| Average balance in millions; interest in thousands | 1998 Third quarter |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Average balance |  | Interest |  | Average rate |
| Assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Earning assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loans and leases, net of unearned discount* |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial, financial, etc | \$ | 2,935 | \$ | 61,547 | 8.32\% |
| Real estate |  | 9,273 |  | 188,843 | 8.15 |
| Consumer |  | 2,916 |  | 65,230 | 8.87 |
| Total loans and leases, net |  | 15,124 |  | 315, 620 | 8.28 |
| Money-market assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest-bearing deposits at banks |  | 2 |  | 16 | 3.07 |
| Federal funds sold and agreements |  |  |  |  |  |
| to resell securities |  | 119 |  | 1,634 | 5.44 |
| Trading account |  | 103 |  | 1,797 | 6.93 |
| Total money-market assets |  | 224 |  | 3,447 | 6.11 |
| Investment securities** |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Treasury and federal agencies |  | 1,561 |  | 23,644 | 6.01 |
| Obligations of states and political subdivisions |  | 85 |  | 1,321 | 6.18 |
| Other |  | 887 |  | 15,307 | 6.84 |
| Total investment securities |  | 2,533 |  | 40,272 | 6.31 |
| Total earning assets |  | 17,881 |  | 359, 339 | 7.97 |
| Allowance for possible credit losses |  | (311) |  |  |  |
| Cash and due from banks |  | 413 |  |  |  |
| Other assets |  | 1,472 |  |  |  |
| Total assets | \$ | 19,455 |  |  |  |
| Liabilities and stockholders' equity |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest-bearing liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest-bearing deposits |  |  |  |  |  |
| NOW accounts | \$ | 344 |  | 1,328 | 1.53 |
| Savings deposits |  | 4,709 |  | 31,395 | 2.65 |
| Time deposits |  | 7,414 |  | 103,525 | 5.54 |
| Deposits at foreign office |  | 293 |  | 3,964 | 5.36 |
| Total interest-bearing deposits |  | 12,760 |  | 140, 212 | 4.36 |
| Short-term borrowings |  | 2,069 |  | 29,376 | 5.63 |
| Long-term borrowings |  | 861 |  | 15,262 | 7.03 |
| Total interest-bearing liabilities |  | 15,690 |  | 184, 850 | 4.67 |
| Noninterest-bearing deposits |  | 1,792 |  |  |  |
| Other liabilities |  | 311 |  |  |  |
| Total liabilities |  | 17,793 |  |  |  |
| Stockholders' equity |  | 1,662 |  |  |  |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ | 19,455 |  |  |  |
| Net interest spread |  |  |  |  | 3.30 |
| Contribution of interest-free funds |  |  |  |  | . 57 |
| Net interest income/margin on earning assets |  |  | \$ | 174,489 | 3.87\% |
|  |  | ---- |  | --- -- | --. |

1998 Second quarter

| Average |  | Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| balance | Interest | rate |

## Assets

Earning assets
Loans and leases, net of unearned discount*
Commercial, financial, etc
Real estate
Consumer

Total loans and leases, net

| 2,954 | 62,026 | $8.42 \%$ |
| ---: | ---: | :--- |
| 8,951 | 184,120 | 8.23 |
| 3,073 | 69,672 | 9.09 |
| --------- | --- |  |
| 14,978 | 315,818 | 8.46 |
| ----- | ----- | --- |
| 37 | 364 | 3.93 |


| Federal funds sold and agreements to resell securities | 88 | 1,247 | 5.70 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Trading account | 31 | 494 | 6.31 |
| Total money-market assets | 156 | 2,105 | 5.40 |
| Investment securities** |  |  |  |
| U.S. Treasury and federal agencies | 1,816 | 27,620 | 6.10 |
| Obligations of states and political subdivisions | 90 | 1,396 | 6.25 |
| Other | 952 | 16,564 | 6.98 |
| Total investment securities | 2,858 | 45,580 | 6.40 |
| Total earning assets | 17,992 | 363,503 | 8.10 |
| Allowance for possible credit losses | (310) |  |  |
| Cash and due from banks | 417 |  |  |
| Other assets | 1,448 |  |  |
| Total assets | 19,547 |  |  |
| Liabilities and stockholders' equity |  |  |  |
| Interest-bearing liabilities |  |  |  |
| Interest-bearing deposits |  |  |  |
| NOW accounts | 304 | 1,189 | 1.57 |
| Savings deposits | 4,718 | 30,636 | 2.60 |
| Time deposits | 7,686 | 105,500 | 5.51 |
| Deposits at foreign office | 267 | 3,562 | 5.34 |
| Total interest-bearing deposits | 12,975 | 140,887 | 4.36 |
| Short-term borrowings | 2,207 | 30,969 | 5.63 |
| Long-term borrowings | 695 | 12,788 | 7.38 |
| Total interest-bearing liabilities | 15,877 | 184,644 | 4.66 |
| Noninterest-bearing deposits | 1,751 |  |  |
| Other liabilities | 255 |  |  |
| Total liabilities | 17,883 |  |  |
| Stockholders' equity | 1,664 |  |  |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | 19,547 |  |  |
| Net interest spread |  |  | 3.44 |
| Contribution of interest-free funds |  |  | . 55 |
| Net interest income/margin on earning assets |  | 178,859 | 3.99\% |
|  | ------ | ------- | ---- |
|  | 1998 | First quar |  |
| Average balance in millions; interest in thousands | Average balance | Interest | Average rate |
| Assets |  |  |  |
| Earning assets |  |  |  |
| Loans and leases, net of unearned discount* |  |  |  |
| Commercial, financial, etc | 2,393 | 49,755 | 8.43\% |
| Real estate | 7,012 | 148,744 | 8.49 |
| Consumer | 2,197 | 51,194 | 9.45 |
| Total loans and leases, net | 11,602 | 249,693 | 8.73 |
| Money-market assets |  |  |  |
| Interest-bearing deposits at banks | 1 | 6 | 2.91 |
| Federal funds sold and agreements | 127 | 1,722 | 5.51 |
| Trading account | 13 | 169 | 5.13 |
| Total money-market assets | 141 | 1,897 | 5.45 |
| Investment securities** |  |  |  |
| U.S. Treasury and federal agencies | 1,013 | 15,861 | 6.35 |
| Obligations of states and political subdivisions | 37 | 628 | 6.83 |
| Other | 564 | 9,724 | 7.00 |
| Total investment securities | 1,614 | 26,213 | 6.59 |
| Total earning assets | 13,357 | 277,803 | 8.43 |
| Allowance for possible credit losses | (279) |  |  |
| Cash and due from banks | 321 |  |  |
| Other assets | 656 |  |  |
| Total assets | 14,055 |  |  |
| Liabilities and stockholders' equity |  |  |  |
| Interest-bearing liabilities |  |  |  |
| Interest-bearing deposits |  |  |  |


| NOW accounts | 270 | 955 | 1.44 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Savings deposits | 3,446 | 22,607 | 2.66 |
| Time deposits | 5,753 | 80,634 | 5.68 |
| Deposits at foreign office | 247 | 3,239 | 5.31 |
| Total interest-bearing deposits | 9,716 | 107,435 | 4.48 |
| Short-term borrowings | 1,353 | 18,597 | 5.57 |
| Long-term borrowings | 428 | 8,553 | 8.11 |
| Total interest-bearing liabilities | 11,497 | 134,585 | 4.75 |
| Noninterest-bearing deposits | 1,272 |  |  |
| Other liabilities | 233 |  |  |
| Total liabilities | 13,002 |  |  |
| Stockholders' equity | 1,053 |  |  |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | 14,055 |  |  |
| Net interest spread |  |  | 3.68 |
| Contribution of interest-free funds |  |  | . 67 |
| Net interest income/margin on earning assets |  | 143,218 | 4.35\% |
|  |  |  |  |

* Includes nonaccrual loans
** Includes available for sale securities at amortized cost


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## Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Incorporated by reference to the discussion contained under the caption "Taxable-equivalent Net Interest Income" in Part I, Item 2, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."

## PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.
M\&T and its subsidiaries are subject in the normal course of business to various pending and threatened legal proceedings in which claims for monetary damages are asserted. Management, after consultation with legal counsel, does not anticipate that the aggregate ultimate liability, if any, arising out of litigation pending against M\&T or its subsidiaries will be material to M\&T's consolidated financial position, but at the present time is not in a position to determine whether such litigation will have a material adverse effect on M\&T's consolidated results of operations in any future reporting period

Item 2. Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds
(Not applicable.)

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.
(Not applicable.)

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.
(Not applicable.)

Item 5. Other Information (None.)

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K.
(a) The following exhibits are filed as a part of this report:

Exhibit No.
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27.1 Financial Data Schedule. Filed herewith.
(b) Reports on Form 8-K. M\&T did not file any Current Reports on Form 8-K during the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 1998.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

M\&T BANK CORPORATION

By: /s/ Michael P. Pinto
Michael P. Pinto
Executive Vice President
and Chief Financial Officer

## Exhibit

No.
27.1 Financial Data Schedule. Filed herewith.

## 9-MOS

## DEC-31-1998

SEP-30-1998

909
144, 075
2,236,556
95, 376
95,422 $15,388,132$
309, 535
19,478,400
14, 394, 401
1, 841, 202
400, 167
1,193,453
0
0
40,508
1,608,669
$19,478,400$
879,487
108,584
7,357
995, 428
388, 534
504, 079
491, 349
35,700
698
427, 367
231, 656
150,131
0

150, 131
19.84
19.01
4.04

73,778
37,746
7,656
74, $656^{0}$
41, 088
12, 362
309, 535
190,041
119,494


[^0]:    * Includes nonaccrual loans.
    ** Includes available for sale securities at amortized cost

