UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q
[ x ] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 1997
or
[ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

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                Commission File Number 1-9861
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                FIRST EMPIRE STATE CORPORATION
    (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

## New York

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

One M \& T Plaza
Buffalo, New York
(Address of principal
executive offices)
(716) 842-5445
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or $15(\mathrm{~d})$ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes $x$ No

Number of shares of the registrant's Common Stock, \$5 par value, outstanding as of the close of business on April 30, 1997: 6,616,932 shares.
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## FIRST EMPIRE STATE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (unaudited)

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, |  |
| EXCEPT |  |
| PER SHARE |  |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME (unaudited)

THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31


```
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)
```



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (unaudited)

| DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE | PREFERRED STOCK | COMMON STOCK | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ADDITIONAL } \\ & \text { PAID-IN } \\ & \text { CAPITAL } \end{aligned}$ | RETAINED EARNINGS | UNREALIZED INVESTMENT LOSSES, NET | TREASURY STOCK |  | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1996 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Balance- - January 1, } \\ \text { 1996.............. } \end{gathered}$ | \$40, 000 | 40,487 | 98,657 | 805,486 | $(3,155)$ | $(135,222)$ | \$ | 846,253 |
| Net income. | -- | -- | -- | 36,153 |  |  |  | 36,153 |
| Preferred stock cash dividends. | -- | -- | -- | (900) | -- | -- |  | (900) |
| Common stock cash dividends -\$.70 per share. $\qquad$ | -- | -- | -- | $(4,446)$ | -- | -- |  | $(4,446)$ |
| Exercise of stock options.............. | -- | -- | 663 | $(4$, | -- | 2,068 |  | 2,731 |
| Purchases of treasury stock................. | -- | -- | - - | -- | -- | $(28,360)$ |  | $(28,360)$ |
| Conversion of preferred stock into 506,930 shares of common stock......... | $(40,000)$ | -- | $(6,534)$ | -- | -- | 46,534 |  | ( |
| Unrealized losses on investment securities available for sale, net........ | ( 40,000 | -- | $(6,534)$ | -- | $(4,280)$ | -- |  | $(4,280)$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Balance--March 31, } \\ \text { 1996............ } \end{gathered}$ | \$-- | 40,487 | 92,786 | 836,293 | $(7,435)$ | $(114,980)$ | \$ | 847,151 |
| 1997 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ```Balance-- January 1,``` | \$-- | 40,487 | 96,597 | 937, 072 | $(2,485)$ | $(166,012)$ | \$ | 905,659 |
| Net income. | -- | -- | -- | 41,259 | -- | - - |  | 41,259 |
| Common stock cash dividends -\$. 80 per share. $\qquad$ | -- | -- | -- | $(5,353)$ | -- | -- |  | $(5,353)$ |
| Exercise of stock options........ | -- | -- | 1,553 | (5, | -- | 4,595 |  | 6,148 |
| Purchases of treasury stock. . .............. | -- | -- | - - | -- | -- | $(29,529)$ |  | $(29,529)$ |
| Unrealized losses on investment securities available for sale, net. | -- | -- | -- | -- | $(6,001)$ | -- |  | $(6,001)$ |
| ```Balance--March 31,1997.``` | \$-- | 40,487 | 98,150 | 972,978 | $(8,486)$ | $(190,946)$ | \$ | 912,183 |

CONSOLIDATED SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN ALLOWANCE FOR POSSIBLE CREDIT LOSSES
(unaudited)

|  | THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS |  | 1997 | 1996 |
| Beginning balance. | \$ | 270,466 | 262,344 |
| Provision for possible credit losses |  | 11, 000 | 9,675 |
| Net charge-offs |  |  |  |
| Charge-offs. |  | $(13,653)$ | $(8,162)$ |
| Recoveries |  | 5,760 | 3,058 |
| Total net charge-offs. |  | $(7,893)$ | $(5,104)$ |
| Ending balance. | \$ | 273,573 | 266,915 |

## 1. Significant accounting policies

The consolidated financial statements of First Empire State Corporation and subsidiaries ("the Company") were compiled in accordance with the accounting policies set forth on pages 41 and 42 of the Company's 1996 Annual Report. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made and were all of a normal recurring nature.

## 2. Borrowings

In January 1997, First Empire Capital Trust I ("Issuer Trust"), a Delaware business trust, issued $\$ 150$ million of $8.234 \%$ capital securities ("Capital Securities"). The common securities of the Issuer Trust are wholly owned by First Empire State Corporation ("First Empire"), and such securities are the only class of the Issuer Trust's securities possessing general voting powers. The Capital Securities represent preferred undivided interests in the assets of the Issuer Trust, and are classified in the Company's consolidated balance sheet as long-term borrowings, with distributions on such securities included in interest expense. Under the Federal Reserve Board's current risk-based capital guidelines, the Capital Securities are includable in First Empire's Tier 1 capital. The proceeds from the issuance of the Capital Securities (\$150 million) and common securities ( $\$ 4.64$ million) were used by the Issuer Trust to purchase $\$ 154.64$ million of $8.234 \%$ junior subordinated debentures ("Junior Subordinated Debentures") issued by First Empire. The Junior Subordinated Debentures represent the sole asset of the Issuer Trust and payments under the Junior Subordinated Debentures are the Issuer Trust's sole source of cash flow.

Holders of the Capital Securities receive preferential cumulative cash distributions semi-annually each February 1st and August 1st at a rate of 8.234\% per annum on the stated liquidation amount ( $\$ 1,000$ ) per Capital Security unless First Empire exercises its right to extend the payment of interest on the Junior Subordinated Debentures for up to ten semi-annual periods, in which case payment of distributions on the Capital Securities will be deferred for a comparable period. During an extended interest period, First Empire may not pay dividends or distributions on, or repurchase, redeem or acquire any shares of its capital stock. The agreements governing the Capital Securities, in the aggregate, provide a full, irrevocable and unconditional guarantee by First Empire of the payment of distributions on, the redemption of, and any liquidation distribution with respect to the Capital Securities, but only in each case to the extent of funds held by the Issuer Trust. The obligations of First Empire under such guarantee and the Capital Securities are subordinate and junior in right of payment to all senior indebtedness of First Empire.

The Capital Securities are mandatorily redeemable in whole, but not in part, upon repayment at the stated maturity date of the Junior Subordinated Debentures (February 1, 2027) or the earlier redemption of the Junior Subordinated Debentures in whole upon the occurrence of one or more events ("Events") set forth in the indenture relating to the Capital Securities, and in whole or in part at any time after February 1, 2007 contemporaneously with First Empire's optional redemption of the Junior Subordinated Debentures in whole or in part. The Junior Subordinated Debentures are redeemable prior to their stated maturity date at First Empire's option (i) on or after February 1, 2007, in whole at any time or in part from time to time, or (ii) in whole, but not in part, at any time within 90 days following the occurrence and during the continuation of one or more of the Events, in each case subject to possible regulatory approval. The redemption price of the Capital Securities upon their early redemption will be expressed as a percentage of the liquidation amount plus accumulated but unpaid distributions. Such percentage adjusts annually and ranges from $104.117 \%$ at February 1, 2007 to $100.412 \%$ for the annual period ending January 31, 2017, after which the percentage is $100 \%$, subject to a make-whole amount if the early redemption occurs prior to February 1, 2007.

## 3. Earnings per share

During the first quarter of 1997, Statement of Financial Accounting
Standards ("SFAS") No. 128, "Earnings per Share," was issued. SFAS No. 128
establishes standards for computing and presenting earnings per share and
applies to entities with publicly held common stock or potential common stock. SFAS No. 128 replaces the presentation of primary earnings per share required by Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 15, "Earnings Per Share," with a presentation of basic earnings per share. It also requires dual presentation of basic and diluted earnings per share on the face of the income statement for all entities with complex capital structures and requires a reconciliation of the numerator and denominator in the basic earnings per share computation to the numerator and denominator in the diluted earnings per share computation.

Basic earnings per share excludes dilution and is computed by dividing income available to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock or resulted in the issuance of common stock that then shared in earnings.

SFAS No. 128 is effective for financial statements for periods ending after December 15, 1997, including interim periods. Earlier application is not permitted, however, after the effective date all prior period earnings per share data presented shall be restated to conform with the provisions of SFAS No. 128.

Pro forma amounts for basic and diluted earnings per share as if SFAS No. 128 was effective January 1, 1996, were $\$ 6.17$ and $\$ 5.81$, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 1997 and $\$ 5.51$ and $\$ 4.97$, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 1996.
4. Contingencies

Information regarding legal proceedings is included in Part II, Item I, ("Legal Proceedings") of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

First Empire State Corporation ("First Empire") earned $\$ 41.3$ million or $\$ 5.80$ per fully diluted common share in the first quarter of 1997, increases of $14 \%$ and 17\%, respectively, from the first quarter of 1996 when net income was $\$ 36.2$ million or $\$ 4.96$ per common share on a fully diluted basis. Net income was $\$ 40.4$ million or $\$ 5.68$ per fully diluted common share in the fourth quarter of 1996. Primary earnings per common share rose $12 \%$ to $\$ 5.81$ in the recent quarter from $\$ 5.20$ in the first quarter of 1996. Primary earnings per share were $\$ 5.70$ in 1996's fourth quarter. The annualized rate of return on average assets for First Empire and its consolidated subsidiaries ("the Company") in the first quarter of 1997 was $1.30 \%$, compared with $1.20 \%$ in the year-earlier quarter and $1.26 \%$ in 1996's last quarter. The annualized return on average common stockholders' equity was 18.24\% in the initial 1997 quarter, compared with $17.50 \%$ and $18.05 \%$ in the first and fourth quarters of 1996 , respectively.

On January 31, 1997, First Empire completed an offering of trust preferred securities ("Capital Securities") that raised $\$ 150$ million of regulatory capital. The 30 -year offering of $8.234 \%$ fixed-rate cumulative Capital Securities was issued through First Empire Capital Trust I ("the Issuer Trust"), a Delaware business trust that was formed by First Empire to facilitate the transaction. The Capital Securities provide investors with call protection for ten years. The Issuer Trust was formed solely to issue the Capital Securities and advance the proceeds to First Empire by purchasing a like amount of First Empire's 8.234\% junior subordinated debentures. The proceeds of the Capital Securities qualify as Tier 1 or core capital for First Empire under the Federal Reserve Board's current risk-based capital guidelines. The Capital Securities are classified as long-term borrowings and distributions on the securities are included in interest expense. Payments on the junior subordinated debt of First Empire, which are in turn passed through the Issuer Trust to the holders of the Capital Securities, are serviced through existing liquidity and cash flow sources of First Empire. Under current federal tax law, First Empire is permitted to deduct interest payments on the junior subordinated debt in computing taxable income.

On January 24, 1997, the Company acquired two branch offices from GreenPoint Bank, including approximately $\$ 131$ million in deposits. The branches are located in Westchester County, New York.

## Taxable-equivalent Net Interest Income

Taxable-equivalent net interest income rose $5 \%$ to $\$ 137.7$ million in the first quarter of 1997 from $\$ 130.5$ million in the year-earlier quarter. Growth in average loans and leases was the most significant factor contributing to the rise. Average loans and leases increased $\$ 1.0$ billion, or $11 \%$, to $\$ 10.7$ billion in the first quarter of 1997 from $\$ 9.7$ billion in the year-earlier quarter. While first quarter 1997 average loans and leases were $2 \%$ higher than the $\$ 10.5$ billion averaged in 1996's final quarter, the rate of growth slowed from that experienced in 1996's quarterly periods. The accompanying table summarizes quarterly changes in the major components of the loan and lease portfolio.

|  |  |  | Percent increase (decrease) from |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1ST QTR. } \\ 1997 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1ST QTR. } \\ 1996 \end{gathered}$ | 4TH QTR. $1996$ |
| Commercial, financial, etc | \$ | 2,187 | 10\% | 6\% |
| Real estate--commercial |  | 4,005 | 10 | 3 |
| Real estate--consumer |  | 2,134 | 6 | (2) |
| Consumer |  |  |  |  |
| Automobile |  | 1,117 | 25 | -- |
| Home equity |  | 636 | 6 | 2 |
| Credit cards |  | 300 | 35 | 2 |
| Other |  | 336 | 16 | 1 |
| Total consumer |  | 2,389 | 19 | - |
|  |  | ------- | -- | - |
| Total | \$ | 10,715 | 11\% | 2\% |
|  |  |  | -- | -- |
|  |  | ------- | -- | -- |

Due, in part, to loan growth, average holdings of investment securities in the first quarter of 1997 were decreased from both the first and final quarters of 1996. Average investment securities declined to $\$ 1.6$ billion in the recent quarter from $\$ 1.8$ billion in the first quarter of 1996 and $\$ 1.7$ billion in 1996's fourth quarter. Money-market assets averaged \$138 million in 1997's initial quarter, compared with $\$ 193$ million in the year-earlier quarter and $\$ 122$ million in the fourth quarter of 1996. In general, the size of the investment securities and money-market assets portfolios are influenced by such factors as demand for loans, which generally yield more than investment securities and money-market assets, ongoing repayments, the levels of deposits, and management of balance sheet size and resulting capital ratios.

As a result of the changes described herein, average earning assets totaled $\$ 12.5$ billion in the initial 1997 quarter, an increase of $\$ 769$ million, or $7 \%$, from $\$ 11.7$ billion in the first quarter of 1996 . Average earning assets were $\$ 12.3$ billion in the fourth quarter of 1996.

Core deposits, which include noninterest-bearing demand deposits, interest-bearing transaction accounts, savings deposits and nonbrokered domestic time deposits under $\$ 100,000$, represent a significant source of funding to the Company. The Company's New York State branch network is the principal source of core deposits, which generally carry lower interest rates than wholesale funds of comparable maturities. Core deposits include certificates of deposit under \$100,000 generated on a nationwide basis by M\&T Bank, National Association ("M\&T Bank, N.A."), a wholly owned commercial bank subsidiary of First Empire. Average core deposits increased to $\$ 8.1$ billion in 1997 's initial quarter from $\$ 7.7$ billion in the year earlier quarter, and were essentially equal to the fourth quarter of 1996. Average core deposits of M\&T Bank, N.A., which began operations in the fourth quarter of 1995, were $\$ 388$ million in the recently completed quarter, compared with $\$ 87$ million in the first quarter of 1996 and $\$ 382$ million in the fourth quarter of 1996. The accompanying table provides an analysis of quarterly changes in the components of average core deposits.

AVERAGE CORE DEPOSITS
Dollars in millions

|  |  | Percent increase (decrease) from |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1ST QTR. } \\ 1997 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1ST QTR. } \\ 1996 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 4TH QTR. } \\ 1996 \end{gathered}$ |
| NOW accounts | \$ 281 | (63)\% | ( 14)\% |
| Savings deposits | 3,346 | 19 | 2 |
| Time deposits less than \$100,000 | 3,337 | 11 | 1 |
| Demand deposits | 1,162 | 3 | (4) |
| Total | \$8,126 | 6 \% |  |
|  | ---- | -- |  |

In addition to core deposits, the Company obtains funding through domestic time deposits of $\$ 100,000$ or more, deposits originated through the Company's offshore branch office, and brokered certificates of deposit. Brokered deposits are used to reduce short-term borrowings and lengthen the average maturity of interest-bearing liabilities. Brokered deposits averaged $\$ 1.1$ billion during the recent quarter and totaled $\$ 1.1$ billion at March 31, 1997, compared with an average balance of $\$ 830$ million during the comparable 1996 period and a total balance of $\$ 879$ million at March 31, 1996. Brokered deposits averaged \$1.2 billion in the fourth quarter of 1996. The weighted average remaining term to maturity of brokered deposits at March 31, 1997 was 1.8 years. Additional amounts of brokered deposits may be solicited in the future depending on market conditions and the cost of funds available from alternative sources at the time.

As a supplement to deposits, the Company uses short-term borrowings from banks, securities dealers, the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York ("FHLB") and others as sources of funding. Short-term borrowings averaged $\$ 1.1$ billion in the recent quarter, compared with $\$ 1.5$ billion and $\$ 881$ million in the first and fourth quarters of 1996, respectively. Also providing funding during the first quarter of 1997 was the aforementioned issuance of $\$ 150$ million of Capital Securities. These securities are included in long-term borrowings, which also include $\$ 175$ million of subordinated notes issued by Manufacturers and Traders Trust Company ("M\&T Bank"), a wholly owned commercial bank subsidiary of First Empire. Long-term borrowings averaged $\$ 278$ million and $\$ 192$ million in the first quarter of 1997 and 1996, respectively, and $\$ 186$ million in the fourth quarter of 1996.

Net interest income is impacted by changes in the composition of the Company's earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, as well as changes in interest rates and spreads. Net interest spread, or the difference between the taxable-equivalent yield on earning assets and the rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities, was $3.81 \%$ in the first quarter of 1997, compared with $3.85 \%$ in the year-earlier quarter. The 4 basis point (hundredths of one percent) narrowing of the net interest spread was the result of a 6 basis point decline in the yield on earning assets to 8.36\% in the initial 1997 quarter from 8.42\% in the first quarter of 1996, partially offset by a 2 basis point decline in the cost of interest-bearing liabilities to $4.55 \%$ in the first quarter of 1997 from $4.57 \%$ in the corresponding 1996 quarter. The net interest spread was $3.77 \%$ in the fourth quarter of 1996 when the yield on earning assets was $8.31 \%$ and the rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities was 4.54\%.

The contribution to net interest margin of interest-free funds in the first quarter of 1997 was $.67 \%$, up from . $64 \%$ in the comparable quarter of 1996 , but down slightly from . 69\% in 1996's final quarter. The increase from the first quarter of 1996 resulted from a $10 \%$ increase in average interest-free funds. Average interest-free funds, consisting largely of non-interest bearing demand deposits and stockholders' equity, totaled $\$ 1.8$ billion in the first quarter of 1997, up from $\$ 1.6$ billion a year earlier, but essentially equal to the fourth quarter of 1996.

Management assesses the potential impact of future changes in interest rates and spreads by projecting net interest income under a number of different interest rate scenarios. As part of the management of interest rate risk, the Company utilizes interest rate swap agreements to modify the repricing characteristics of certain portions of the loan and deposit portfolios. Revenue and expense arising from these agreements are reflected in either the yields earned on loans or, as appropriate, rates paid on interest-bearing deposits. The notional amount of interest rate swap agreements used as part of the Company's management of interest rate risk in effect at March 31, 1997 and 1996 was $\$ 2.3$ billion. In general, under the terms of these swaps, the Company receives payments based on the outstanding notional amount of the swaps at fixed rates of interest and makes payments at variable rates. However, under the terms of a $\$ 34$ million swap, the Company pays a fixed rate of interest and receives a variable rate. At March 31, 1997 the weighted average rates to be received and paid under interest rate swap agreements were $6.20 \%$ and $5.53 \%$, respectively. As of March 31, 1997, the Company had also entered into forward-starting swaps with an aggregate

| 1997 |  | 1996 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AMOUNT | RATE * | AMOUNT | RATE |



[^0]The Company estimates that as of March 31, 1997 it would have paid approximately $\$ 18$ million if all interest rate swap agreements entered into for interest rate risk management purposes had been terminated. This estimated fair value of the interest rate swap portfolio results from the effects of changing interest rates and should be considered in the context of the entire balance sheet and the Company's overall interest rate risk profile. Changes in the estimated fair value of interest rate swaps entered into for interest rate risk management purposes are not reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

Giving consideration to interest rate swaps in place at March 31, 1997 and utilizing a computer model which aids management in assessing the potential impact of future changes in interest rates and spreads, management's assessment is that the variability of net interest income in the next two years may be largely unaffected by changes in interest rates, but that additional interest rate risk management actions may be necessary to counter any detrimental effect which a sustained decrease in interest rates could likely have on net interest income in later years.

As a financial intermediary, the Company is exposed to liquidity risk whenever the maturities of financial instruments included in assets and liabilities differ. Accordingly, a critical element in managing a financial institution is ensuring that sufficient cash flow and liquid assets are available to satisfy demands for loans and deposit withdrawals, to fund operating expenses, and to be used for other corporate purposes. Deposits and borrowings, maturities of money-market assets, repayments of loans and investment securities, and cash generated from operations, such as fees collected for services, provide the Company with other sources of liquidity Through membership in the FHLB, as well as other available borrowing facilities, First Empire's banking subsidiaries have access to additional funding sources. In addition to the proceeds of the $\$ 150$ million of junior subordinated debt issued in January 1997, First Empire utilizes dividend payments from its banking subsidiaries, which are subject to various regulatory limitations, to pay dividends, repurchase treasury stock, and fund debt service and other operating expenses. First Empire also maintains a $\$ 25$ million line of credit with an unaffiliated commercial bank, all of which was available for borrowing at March 31, 1997. Management does not anticipate engaging in any activities, either currently or in the long-term, which would cause a significant strain on liquidity at either First Empire or its subsidiary banks. Furthermore, management closely monitors the Company's liquidity position for compliance with internal policies and believes that available sources of liquidity are adequate to meet anticipated funding needs.

## PROVISION FOR POSSIBLE CREDIT LOSSES

The provision for possible credit losses in the first quarter of 1997 was $\$ 11.0$ million, up from $\$ 9.7$ million in the first quarter of 1996 , but down slightly from $\$ 11.5$ million in 1996 's fourth quarter. Net loan charge-offs in the first three months of 1997 totaled $\$ 7.9$ million, up from $\$ 5.1$ million in 1996's first quarter, but down from $\$ 11.5$ million in last year's fourth quarter. Net charge-offs as an annualized percentage of average loans and leases were $.30 \%$ in the first quarter of 1997 , compared with $.21 \%$ in the corresponding 1996 quarter and $.43 \%$ in the fourth quarter of 1996. Net charge-offs of consumer loans in the first quarter of 1997 were $\$ 8.8$ million, compared with $\$ 5.0$ million in the year-earlier quarter and $\$ 9.5$ million in the fourth quarter of 1996. Higher charge-offs of credit card balances and indirect automobile loans were the most significant factors contributing to the increased level of consumer loan charge-offs in the first quarter of 1997 compared with the first quarter of 1996. Net consumer loan charge-offs as an annualized percentage of average consumer loans and leases were $1.50 \%$ in the initial 1997 quarter, compared with $1.00 \%$ in the first quarter of 1996 and $1.60 \%$ in 1996 's final quarter.

Nonperforming loans were $\$ 97.0$ million or $.90 \%$ of total loans and leases outstanding at March 31, 1997, compared with $\$ 82.6$ million or $.83 \%$ at March 31,1996 and $\$ 97.9$ million or $.91 \%$ at December 31, 1996. The increase from the corresponding quarter in 1996 was due mainly to the inclusion in loans past due ninety days but still accruing interest of one-to-four family residential mortgage loans serviced by the Company and repurchased from the Government National Mortgage Association during the second and third quarters of 1996. These loans are covered by guarantees of government agencies. The costs associated with servicing these loans were reduced as a result of the repurchases. Such repurchased loans totaled $\$ 13.9$ million and $\$ 16.3$ million at March 31, 1997 and December 31, 1996, respectively. Nonperforming commercial real estate loans totaled $\$ 25.6$ million at March 31, 1997, \$33.7 million at March 31,1996 and $\$ 27.1$ million at December 31, 1996. Included in these totals were loans secured by properties located in the New York City metropolitan area of $\$ 8.2$ million at March 31, 1997, $\$ 10.4$ million at March 31, 1996 and $\$ 10.3$ million at December 31, 1996. Nonperforming consumer loans and leases totaled $\$ 17.4$ million at March 31, 1997, compared with $\$ 13.7$ million at March 31, 1996 and $\$ 17.6$ million at December 31, 1996. The increase in nonperforming consumer loans from March 31, 1996 is generally consistent with current industry trends and also reflects growth in the company's consumer loan portfolio, particularly credit card balances and automobile loans. As a percentage of consumer loan balances outstanding, nonperforming consumer loans and leases were. $74 \%$ at March 31, 1997 and .66\% and $.73 \%$ at March 31 and December 31, 1996, respectively. The repayment performance of consumer loans continues to be closely monitored by management. Assets taken in foreclosure of defaulted loans were $\$ 8.7$ million at March 31, 1997, $\$ 7.5$ million at March 31, 1996 and $\$ 8.5$ million at December 31, 1996.

A comparative summary of nonperforming assets and certain credit quality ratios is presented in the accompanying table.

|  |  |  |  | 1096 QUAR |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 1996 QUAR |  |  |
|  |  | ARTER | OURTH | THIRD | SECOND | FIRST |
| Nonaccrual loans | \$ | 57,366 | 58,232 | 59,517 | 57,603 | 67,098 |
| Loans past due 90 days or more |  | 36,857 | 39,652 | 36,958 | 27,406 | 15,513 |
| Renegotiated loans. |  | 2,741 | -- | - - | - - | - - |
| Total nonperforming loans |  | 96,964 | 97,884 | 96,475 | 85,009 | 82,611 |
| Other real estate owned. |  | 8,694 | 8,523 | 8,467 | 8,890 | 7,508 |
| Total nonperforming assets. | \$ | 105,658 | 106,407 | 104,942 | 93,899 | 90,119 |
| Government guaranteed nonperforming loans*. | \$ | 22,753 | 25,847 | 27,475 | 18,267 | 6,663 |
| Nonperforming loans to total loans and leases, net of unearned discount. |  | .90\% | .91\% | . $92 \%$ | . $84 \%$ | . 83\% |
| Nonperforming assets to total net loans and other real estate owned. |  | .98\% | . $99 \%$ | 1.00\% | . $93 \%$ | . 91\% |

* Included in total nonperforming loans.

The allowance for possible credit losses at March 31, 1997 was $\$ 273.6$ million, or $2.53 \%$ of total loans and leases, compared with $\$ 266.9$ million or $2.69 \%$ a year earlier and $\$ 270.5$ million or $2.52 \%$ at December 31, 1996. The ratio of the allowance for possible credit losses to nonperforming loans was $282 \%$ at the most recent quarter-end, compared with 323\% at March 31, 1996 and 276\% at December 31, 1996.

Management regularly assesses the adequacy of the allowance for possible credit losses and records a provision to replenish or build the allowance to a level necessary to maintain an adequate reserve position. In making such assessment, management performs an ongoing evaluation of the loan and lease portfolio, including such factors as the differing economic risks associated with each loan category, the current financial condition of specific borrowers, the economic environment in which borrowers operate, the level of delinquent loans and the value of any collateral. Based upon the results of such review, management believes that the allowance for possible credit losses at March 31, 1997 was adequate to absorb credit losses in the loan and lease portfolio.

## OTHER INCOME

Other income totaled $\$ 45.9$ million in the first quarter of 1997 , compared with $\$ 36.3$ million in the year-earlier quarter and $\$ 47.6$ million in the fourth quarter of 1996.

Mortgage banking revenues were $\$ 12.1$ million in the recent quarter, compared with $\$ 10.4$ million in the year-earlier quarter and $\$ 11.5$ million in the final quarter of 1996. Residential mortgage loan servicing fees totaled $\$ 5.8$ million in the initial quarter of 1997, up from $\$ 5.2$ million in the first quarter of 1996 and $\$ 5.4$ million in the fourth quarter of 1996 . Gains from sales of residential mortgage loans and loan servicing rights were $\$ 5.6$ million in the recently completed quarter, compared with $\$ 4.7$ million in the year earlier quarter and $\$ 5.7$ million in 1996's final quarter. Residential mortgage loans serviced for others totaled $\$ 6.5$ billion and $\$ 5.5$ billion at March 31, 1997 and 1996, respectively. Capitalized servicing assets were $\$ 51$ million and $\$ 42$ million at March 31, 1997 and 1996, respectively.

Service charges on deposit accounts totaled $\$ 10.4$ million in the first quarter of 1997, an increase of $5 \%$ from $\$ 9.9$ million in the corresponding quarter of the previous year and essentially equal to the fourth quarter of
1996. Trust income was $\$ 6.9$ million in the first quarter of 1997, compared with $\$ 6.2$ million in last year's first quarter and $\$ 7.8$ million in the fourth quarter of 1996. Merchant discount and other credit card fees were $\$ 5.2$ million in the recent quarter, compared with $\$ 3.1$ million and $\$ 5.8$ million in the first and fourth quarters of 1996, respectively. The increase over the year-earlier period resulted from previous expansion of the Company's co-branded credit card business. Effective March 28, 1997, M\&T Bank, N.A. terminated the co-branded credit card program that had been initiated in May 1996 with Giant of Maryland, Inc. Approximately $\$ 1.5$ million of merchant discount and other credit card fees for the first quarter of 1997 were related to this program. Trading account and foreign exchange activity resulted in gains of $\$ 1.3$ million in the first 1997 quarter and the last quarter of 1996, compared with losses of $\$ 704$ thousand in the first quarter of 1996. Other revenue from operations totaled $\$ 10.0$ million in 1997 's initial quarter, up $\$ 2.9$ million from the comparable quarter of 1996, largely due to a $\$ 1.5$ million gain realized upon termination of a lease for one of the Company's branch offices and higher fees earned from the sales of mutual funds and annuities. Other revenue from operations totaled $\$ 11.2$ million in the fourth quarter of 1996 when $\$ 2.8$ million of gains were realized from sales of venture capital investments of the Company.

## Other Expense

Other expense totaled $\$ 104.3$ million in the first quarter of 1997 compared with $\$ 96.3$ million in the first quarter of 1996 and $\$ 107.1$ million in the fourth quarter of 1996.

Salaries and employee benefits expense was $\$ 55.6$ million in the recent quarter, an increase of $7 \%$ from $\$ 52.1$ million in the corresponding 1996 quarter and $2 \%$ from $\$ 54.6$ million in the fourth quarter of 1996. Factors contributing to the higher expenses were merit salary increases and higher costs associated with incentive-based compensation arrangements and employee benefits.

Nonpersonnel expense totaled $\$ 48.7$ million in the first quarter of 1997 compared with $\$ 44.2$ million in the year-earlier quarter. The increase was largely the result of expansion of the Company's credit card and mortgage banking businesses. Rebate and other operating expenses based on card usage directly attributable to the recently terminated co-branded credit card program were approximately $\$ 2.2$ million in the first quarter of 1997. Nonpersonnel expense in the recent quarter declined $\$ 3.8$ million from $\$ 52.5$ million in the fourth quarter of 1996 due largely to lower advertising expenses.

Capital
Stockholders' equity at March 31, 1997 of $\$ 912$ million was equal to $6.95 \%$ of total assets, compared with $\$ 847$ million or $6.69 \%$ of total assets a year earlier and $\$ 906$ million or $7.00 \%$ at December 31, 1996. On a per share basis, stockholders' equity was \$137.33 at March 31, 1997, up from \$123.76 and $\$ 135.45$ at March 31 and December 31, 1996, respectively.

Stockholders' equity at March 31, 1997 was reduced by $\$ 8.5$ million, or $\$ 1.28$ per common share, for the net after-tax impact of unrealized losses on investment securities classified as available for sale, compared with \$7.4 million or $\$ 1.09$ per common share at March 31, 1996 and $\$ 2.5$ million or $\$ .37$ per common share at December 31, 1996. Such unrealized losses represent the amount by which amortized cost exceeded the fair value of investment securities classified as available for sale, net of applicable income taxes. The market evaluation of investment securities should be considered in the context of the entire balance sheet of the Company. With the exception of investment securities classified as available for sale, trading account assets and liabilities, and residential mortgage loans held for sale, the carrying values of financial instruments in the balance sheet are generally not adjusted for appreciation or depreciation in market value resulting from changes in interest rates.

Federal regulators generally require banking institutions to maintain "core capital" and "total capital" ratios of at least $4 \%$ and $8 \%$, respectively, of risk-adjusted total assets. In addition to the risk-based measures, Federal bank regulators have also implemented a minimum "leverage" ratio guideline of $3 \%$ of the quarterly average of total assets. The January 1997 issuance of Capital Securities enhanced the Company's capital ratios. Under regulatory guidelines, core capital includes the Capital Securities and total capital also includes subordinated notes issued by M\&T Bank. Unrealized gains or losses on investment securities classified as available for sale are not recognized in determining regulatory capital. The capital ratios of the Company and its banking subsidiaries, M\&T Bank, The East New York Savings Bank ("East New York") and M\&T Bank, N.A., as of March 31, 1997 are presented in the accompanying table.

REGULATORY CAPITAL RATIOS
March 31, 1997

|  | FIRST EMPIRE (CONSOLIDATED) | M\&T BANK | EAST NEW YORK | M\&T BANK, N.A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Core capital | 9.76\% | 7.47\% | 12.80\% | 14.78\% |
| Total capital | 12.66\% | 10.59\% | 14.06\% | 16.04\% |
| Leverage.. | 8.15\% | 6.45\% | 7.65\% | 6.64\% |

The Company has historically maintained capital ratios in excess of minimum regulatory guidelines largely through a high rate of internal capital generation. The rate of internal capital generation, or net income less dividends paid expressed as an annualized percentage of average total stockholders' equity, was $15.88 \%$ during the first quarter of 1997, compared with $14.60 \%$ and $15.96 \%$ in the first and fourth quarters of 1996 , respectively.

During the first quarter of 1997, First Empire acquired 29,062 shares pursuant to and thereby completing the program announced in November 1995 to repurchase up to 380,582 shares of its common stock to be held as treasury stock for reissuance at the time of stock option exercises. The 380,582 shares repurchased under that plan were acquired at an average cost of $\$ 243.72$ per share.

In February 1997, another plan was announced to repurchase and hold as treasury stock up to 303,317 additional shares, also for reissuance upon the possible future exercise of outstanding stock options. As of March 31, 1997, First Empire had repurchased 63,361 common shares pursuant to the new plan at an average cost of $\$ 328.59$ per share.

## Forward-Looking Statements

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and other sections of this quarterly report contain forward-looking statements that are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about the Company's business, management's beliefs and assumptions made by management. Words such as "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions ("Future Factors") which are difficult to predict. Therefore, actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in such forward-looking statements. First Empire undertakes no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Future Factors include changes in interest rates, spreads on earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, and interest rate sensitivity; credit losses; sources of liquidity; regulatory supervision and oversight,
including required capital levels; increasing price and product/service competition by competitors, including new entrants; rapid technological developments and changes; the ability to continue to introduce competitive new products and services on a timely, cost-effective basis; the mix of products/ services; containing costs and expenses; governmental and public policy changes, including environmental regulations; protection and validity of intellectual property rights; reliance on large customers; technological, implementation and cost/financial risks in large, multi-year contracts; the outcome of pending and future litigation and governmental proceedings; continued availability of financing; and financial resources in the amounts, at the times and on the terms required to support the Company's future businesses. These are representative of the Future Factors that could affect the outcome of the forward-looking statements. In addition, such statements could be affected by general industry and market conditions and growth rates, general economic conditions, including interest rate and currency exchange rate fluctuations, and other Future Factors.


AVERAGE BALANCE SHEETS AND ANNUALIZED TAXABLE-EQUIVALENT RATES


## AVERAGE BALANCE IN MILLIONS; INTEREST IN

 THOUSANDS| 1996 |  | THIRD QUARTER |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| AVERAGE |  | AVERAGE |
| BALANCE | INTEREST | RATE |


| Loans and leases, net of unearned discount* |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Commercial, financial, etc................ | 2,023 | 41,322 | 8.12\% |
| Real estate. | 5,972 | 128,704 | 8.62 |
| Consumer | 2,258 | 52,268 | 9.21 |
| Total loans and leases, net | 10,253 | 222,294 | 8.62 |
| Money-market assets |  |  |  |
| Interest-bearing deposits at banks. | 24 | 354 | 5.98 |
| Federal funds sold and agreements to resell securities. | 23 | 311 | 5.46 |
| Trading account | 26 | 247 | 3.73 |
| Total money-market assets | 73 | 912 | 5.00 |
| Investment securities** |  |  |  |
| U.S. Treasury and federal agencies. | 1,208 | 18,719 | 6.16 |
| Obligations of states and political subdivisions. | 44 | 711 | 6.43 |
| Other | 546 | 8,700 | 6.34 |
| Total investment securities. | 1,798 | 28,130 | 6.23 |
| Total earning assets | 12,124 | 251,336 | 8.25 |
| Allowance for possible credit losses. | (271) |  |  |
| Cash and due from banks. | 345 |  |  |
| Other assets. | 358 |  |  |
| Total assets | 12,556 |  |  |
| Liabilities and stockholders' equity |  |  |  |
| Interest-bearing liabilities |  |  |  |
| Interest-bearing deposits |  |  |  |
| NOW accounts. | 794 | 2,768 | 1.39 |
| Savings deposits | 2,854 | 21,170 | 2.95 |
| Time deposits. | 5,359 | 74,706 | 5.55 |
| Deposits at foreign office | 257 | 3,382 | 5.23 |
| Total interest-bearing deposits | 9,264 | 102, 026 | 4.38 |
| Short-term borrowings. | 928 | 12,311 | 5.28 |
| Long-term borrowings | 188 | 3,547 | 7.48 |
| Total interest-bearing liabilities | 10,380 | 117, 884 | 4.52 |
| Demand deposits | 1,195 |  |  |
| Other liabilities. | 124 |  |  |
| Total liabilities | 11,699 |  |  |
| Stockholders' equity. | 857 |  |  |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' <br> equity.................................. 12, 556 |  |  |  |
| Net interest spread. |  |  | 3.73 |
| Contribution of interest-free funds. |  |  | . 65 |
| Net interest income/margin on earning assets. |  | 133,452 | 4.38\% |

* Includes nonaccrual loans.
** Includes available for sale securities at amortized cost. (continued)

AVERAGE BALANCE SHEETS AND ANNUALIZED TAXABLE-EQUIVALENT RATES (continued)


* Includes nonaccrual loans.
**Includes available for sale securities at amortized cost.

AVERAGE BALANCE IN MILLIONS; INTEREST IN THOUSANDS

AVERAGE
RATE

## Assets

Earning assets
Loans and leases, net of unearned discount*

Total loans and leases, net.

| Money-market assets |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Interest-bearing deposits at banks. | 6.68 |
| Federal funds sold and agreements to resell securities | 5.53 |
| Trading account. | 4.34 |
| Total money-market assets. | 5.73 |
| Investment securities** |  |
| U.S. Treasury and federal agencies. | 6.17 |
| Obligations of states and political subdivisions. | 6.85 |
| Other | 6.23 |
| Total investment securities | 6.20 |
| Total earning assets | 8.42 |
| Allowance for possible credit losses................................ |  |
| Cash and due from banks. |  |
| Other assets. |  |
| Total a |  |
| Liabilities and stockholders' equity |  |
| Interest-bearing liabilities |  |
| Interest-bearing deposits |  |
| NOW accounts. | 1.47 |
| Savings deposits | 2.94 |
| Time deposits. | 5.67 |
| Deposits at foreign office | 5.16 |
| Total interest-bearing deposits | 4.37 |
| Short-term borrowings. | 5.34 |
| Long-term borrowings | 7.57 |
| Total interest-bearing liabilities | 4.57 |
| Demand deposits. |  |
| Other liabilities |  |
| Total liabilities................... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |
| Stockholders' equity..................................................... |  |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' eq |  |
| Net interest spread | 3.85 |
| Contribution of interest-free funds | . 64 |
| Net interest income/margin on earning assets | 4.49\% |

[^1]Item 1. Legal Proceedings.
M\&T Bank, N.A. and Giant of Maryland, Inc. ("Giant") are arbitrating the rights and liabilities of the parties to each other in connection with the termination of their co-branded credit card agreement. The resolution of this matter has been submitted to arbitration under the auspices of the American Arbitration Association following the termination of legal proceedings between the parties that were formerly pending in the United States District Court for the District of Maryland. M\&T Bank, N.A. initiated the arbitration proceeding. Giant alleges in the arbitration proceeding that M\&T Bank, N.A. breached the co-branded credit card agreement by seeking to terminate the agreement and negligently misrepresenting certain information provided to Giant, and seeks damages in excess of $\$ 37$ million, plus interest, costs, attorneys fees and other unspecified relief. M\&T Bank, N.A. has denied Giant's allegations in the arbitration proceeding, and is pursuing its own claims against Giant in the same proceeding. Management believes that M\&T Bank, N.A. has meritorious defenses to Giant's claims and is vigorously defending against them while pursuing relief under M\&T Bank, N.A.'s claims against Giant.

First Empire and its subsidiaries are subject in the normal course of business to various other pending and threatened legal proceedings in which claims for monetary damages are asserted. Management, after consultation with legal counsel, does not anticipate that the aggregate ultimate liability, if any, arising out of litigation pending against First Empire or its subsidiaries will be material to First Empire's consolidated financial position, but at the present time is not in a position to determine whether such litigation will have a material adverse effect on First Empire's consolidated results of operations in any future reporting period.

Item 2. Changes in Securities.
(a) (Not applicable)
(b) In January 1997, the Issuer Trust, a Delaware business trust, issued $\$ 150$ million of $8.234 \%$ Capital Securities. The common securities of the Issuer Trust are wholly owned by First Empire, and the Capital Securities represent preferred undivided interests in the assets of the Issuer Trust. The proceeds from the issuance of the Capital Securities ( $\$ 150$ million) and common securities ( $\$ 4.64$ million) were used by the Issuer Trust to purchase $\$ 154.64$ million of $8.234 \%$ junior subordinated debentures ("Junior Subordinated Debentures") issued by First Empire. The Junior Subordinated Debentures represent the sole asset of the Issuer Trust and payments under the Junior Subordinated Debentures are the Issuer Trust's sole source of cash flow.

Holders of the Capital Securities receive preferential cumulative cash distributions semi-annually each February 1st and August 1st at a rate of $8.234 \%$ per annum on the stated liquidation amount ( $\$ 1,000$ ) per Capital Security unless First Empire exercises its right to extend the payment of interest on the Junior Subordinated Debentures for up to ten semi-annual periods, in which case payment of distributions on the Capital Securities will be deferred for a comparable period. During an extended interest period, First Empire may not pay dividends or distributions on, or repurchase, redeem or acquire any shares of its capital stock.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.
(Not applicable.)
Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.
The 1997 Annual Meeting of Stockholders of First Empire was held on April 15, 1997. At the 1997 Annual Meeting, stockholders elected seventeen (17) directors, all of whom were then serving as directors of First Empire, for terms of one (1) year and until their successors are elected and
qualified. The following table reflects the tabulation of the votes with respect to each director who was elected at the 1997 Annual Meeting.

|  | NUMBER OF VOTES |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NOMINEE | FOR | WITHHELD |
| Brent D. Baird | 6,104,990 | 7,076 |
| John H. Benisch. | 6,105, 034 | 7,032 |
| C. Angela Bontempo | 6,096,827 | 15,239 |
| Robert T. Brady. | 6,097,534 | 14,532 |
| Patrick J. Callan | 6,105, 034 | 7,032 |
| Richard E. Garman. | 6,102,368 | 9,698 |
| James V. Glynn. | 6,105, 034 | 7,032 |
| Roy M. Goodman. | 5,659, 634 | 452,432 |
| Patrick W.E. Hodgson | 6,105, 034 | 7,032 |
| Samuel T. Hubbard, Jr | 6,097,734 | 14,332 |
| Lambros J. Lambros | 6,105,008 | 7,058 |
| Wilfred J. Larson. | 6,102,394 | 9,672 |
| Jorge G. Pereira. | 5,664,858 | 447,208 |
| Raymond D. Stevens, Jr | 6,101, 872 | 10,194 |
| Herbert L. Washington. | 5,661,083 | 450,983 |
| John L. Wehle, Jr. | 6,097,734 | 14,332 |
| Robert G. Wilmers. | 6,104,926 | 7,140 |

Item 5. Other Information. (None.)
Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K.
(a) The following exhibits are filed as a part of this report:

Exhibit
No.
3.1 Restated Certificate of Incorporation of First Empire State Corporation dated May 7, 1997, filed by the Secretary of State of New York on May 8, 1997. Filed herewith.
11.1 Statement re: Computation of Earnings Per Common Share. Filed herewith.
27.1 Financial Data Schedule. Filed herewith.
(b) Reports on Form 8-K. First Empire filed the following Current Reports on Form $8-\mathrm{K}$ during the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 1997, all of which only reported Other Events disclosed under Item 5 of Form 8-K:

On January 2, 1997, First Empire filed a Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 27, 1996, reporting on its December 27, 1996 public announcement of the intended merger of East New York with and into M\&T Bank.

On January 23, 1997, First Empire filed a Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 9, 1997, announcing its results of operations for the quarter and fiscal year ended December 31, 1996 and other matters.

On February 11, 1997, a Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 31, 1997 was filed to announce First Empire's completion of a $\$ 150$ million offering of trust preferred securities.

On February 21, 1997, First Empire filed a Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 19, 1997, concerning the public announcement of a new program to repurchase up to 303,317 shares of First Empire's common stock and other matters.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

## First Empire State Corporation

Date: May 14, 1997

By: /s/ Michael P. Pinto
Michael P. Pinto
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

## EXHIBIT INDEX

## Exhibit

No.
3.1 Restated Certificate of Incorporation of First Empire State Corporation, dated May 7, 1997. Filed herewith.
11.1 Statement re: Computation of Earnings Per Common Share. Filed herewith.
27.1 Financial Data Schedule. Filed herewith.

The undersigned, being the Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer and the Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary of First Empire State Corporation, pursuant to Section 807 of the Business Corporation Law of the State of New York, do hereby restate, certify and set forth:
(1) The name of the corporation is FIRST EMPIRE STATE CORPORATION.
(2) The certificate of incorporation was filed by the Department of State on the 6th day of November, 1969. A first restated certificate of incorporation was filed by the Department of State on the 19th day of December, 1969; a second restated certificate of incorporation was filed by the Department of State on the 28th day of April, 1986; and a third restated certificate of incorporation was filed by the Department of State on the 20th day of April, 1989.
(3) Thereafter, an amendment to the restated certificate of incorporation was filed by the Department of State on the 14th day of March, 1991 which designated a series of $9 \%$ convertible preferred shares of the Corporation. All of the shares of the $9 \%$
convertible preferred shares of the Corporation authorized by that
designation were issued on March 15, 1991, and on March 29, 1996 all of such preferred shares were converted into shares of the common stock of the Corporation and thereupon canceled.
(4) The restated certificate of incorporation, as amended, is hereby further amended to effect an amendment authorized by the Business Corporation Law, to repeal the amendment to the third restated certificate of incorporation and thereby delete from Article FOURTH the provisions that established the series of $9 \%$ convertible preferred shares of the Corporation. Article FIFTH, relating to the service of process address, is also hereby amended.
(5) The text of the certificate of incorporation, as amended heretofore, is hereby restated as amended to read as hereinafter set forth in full:

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION
of
FIRST EMPIRE STATE CORPORATION

FIRST: The name of the Corporation is FIRST EMPIRE STATE
CORPORATION

SECOND: The purpose or purposes for which it is formed are:
(1) To engage in the business of a bank holding company.
(2) To acquire by purchase, subscription or otherwise, and to own and hold and exercise all the powers and privileges of ownership and to sell, exchange, or otherwise dispose of and deal in and with shares, bonds, and other securities, interests or obligations issued by any person, corporation, firm, or other entity, domestic or foreign.
(3) To the extent permitted by law to cause to be organized, merged or consolidated, any corporation, firm or other entity, domestic or foreign.
(4) To the extent permitted by law to render services, assistance, and advice to, and to act as representative or agent in any capacity of, any person, corporation, firm, or other entity, domestic or foreign.
(5) To arrange for, finance, pay or cause to be paid the compensation of the directors, officers or employees of any corporation, firm, or other entity in the business affairs of which the Corporation shall have any interest and to adopt, alter or amend any plan or plans for additional compensation to such directors, officers or employees.
(6) To purchase, lease, or otherwise acquire, and to own, improve, mortgage or otherwise encumber, real and personal property, or any interest therein wherever situated.

The foregoing purposes shall be construed in furtherance and not in limitation of powers now or hereafter conferred by the laws of the State of New York.

THIRD: The office of the Corporation is to be located in the City of Buffalo, County of Erie, and State of New York.

FOURTH: 1. The aggregate number of shares of stock which the
Corporation shall have authority to issue is sixteen million (16,000,000)
shares, divided into two classes, namely, preferred shares and common shares. The number of preferred shares authorized is one million (1,000,000) shares of the par value of one dollar ( $\$ 1.00$ ) per share. The number of common shares authorized is fifteen million $(15,000,000)$ shares of the par value of five dollars (\$5.00) per share.
2. Authority is hereby granted to the Board of Directors at any time and from time to time to issue the preferred shares in one or more series and for such consideration, not less than the par value thereof, as may be fixed from time to time by the Board of Directors, and, before the issuance of any shares of a particular series to fix the designation of such series, the number of shares to comprise such series, the dividend rate or rates payable with respect to the shares of such series, the redemption price or prices, the voting rights, and any other relative rights, preferences and limitations pertaining to such series. In lieu of issuing a new series, the Board of Directors may increase the number of shares of a series already outstanding. Before the issue of any shares of a series established by the Board of Directors, the Board shall cause to be delivered to the Department of State the necessary certificate of amendment under the Business Corporation Law of the State of New York as now in effect or hereafter amended.
3. The description of the common shares and of their relative rights and limitations are as follows:
(a) Out of the assets of the Corporation which are by law available for the payment of dividends remaining after all dividends to which any preferred shares then outstanding shall be entitled shall have been declared and paid or set apart for payment for all past dividend periods, dividends may be declared and paid upon the common shares to the exclusion of the holders of preferred shares.
(b) In the event of any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Corporation, the holders of record of any preferred shares then outstanding shall be entitled to be paid the amount which the Board of Directors prior to issuance of such preferred shares fixed to be paid for each such share upon such liquidation, dissolution or winding up as set forth in the necessary certificate of amendment, as required by Article FOURTH, Paragraph 2 above plus accumulated dividends on such shares up to the date of such liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Corporation and no more. After payment to the holders of any preferred shares then outstanding of the amount payable to them as aforesaid, the remaining assets of the Corporation shall be payable to and distributed ratably among the holders of record of the common shares.
(c) The holders of the common shares shall vote share for share, together with the holders of any series of the preferred shares entitled to have voting rights except as may be provided by the Board of Directors with respect to any other series of the preferred shares.

FIFTH: The Secretary of State is designated as the agent of the Corporation upon whom process against the Corporation may be served. The post office address to which the Secretary of State shall mail a copy of any process against the Corporation
served upon him is Executive Offices, 19th Floor, One M\&T Plaza, Buffalo, New York 14240.

SIXTH: No holder of shares of the Corporation of any class, now or hereafter authorized, shall have any preferential or preemptive right to subscribe for, purchase or receive any shares of the Corporation of any class, now or hereafter authorized, or any options or warrants for such shares, or any rights to subscribe to or purchase such shares, or any securities convertible into or exchangeable for such shares, which may at any time be issued, sold or offered for sale by the Corporation.

SEVENTH: As to any act or omission occurring after the adoption of this provision, a director of the Corporation shall, to the maximum extent permitted by the laws of the State of New York, have no personal liability to the Corporation or any of its stockholders for damages for any breach of duty as a director, provided that this Article SEVENTH shall not eliminate or reduce the liability of a director in any case where such elimination or reduction is not permitted by law.
(6) This restatement of the certificate of incorporation of FIRST EMPIRE STATE CORPORATION was authorized by the Board of Directors of the Corporation at a meeting thereof duly convened and held on April 15, 1997.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have executed, signed and verified this certificate this 7th day of May, 1997.

FIRST EMPIRE STATE CORPORATION

By: /s/ Robert G. Wilmers
$----------------\bar{\prime}$,
Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Operating Officer

By: /s/ Richard A. Lammert
---------------------General Counsel and Secretary

7
STATE OF NEW YORK ) SS.:
COUNTY OF ERIE )

Robert G. Wilmers and Richard A. Lammert, being first duly sworn, depose and say that they are respectively, the Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer and the Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary of FIRST EMPIRE STATE CORPORATION, that they have read the foregoing certificate and know the contents thereof and that the statements therein contained are true.
/s/ Robert G. Wilmers
/s/ Richard A. Lammert

Sworn to before me this 7th day of May, 1997.
/s/ Timothy G. McEvoy
Notary Public

FIRST EMPIRE STATE CORPORATION

UNDER SECTION 807 OF THE BUSINESS CORPORATION LAW

Dated:
Filer:

May 7, 1997
Richard A. Lammert, Esq.
Senior Vice President,
General Counsel and Secretary
First Empire State Corporation
One M \& T Plaza
Buffalo, New York 14240

FIRST EMPIRE STATE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES


* Represents shares of First Empire's common stock issuable upon the assumed exercise of outstanding stock options granted pursuant to the First Empire State Corporation 1983 Stock Option Plan under the "treasury stock" method of accounting.

3-MOS


[^0]:    * Computed as an annualized percentage of average earning assets or interest-bearing liabilities.
    ** Excludes forward-starting interest rate swaps.

[^1]:    *Includes nonaccrual loans.
    **Includes available for sale securities at amortized cost.

